

# TUSB211 USB 2.0高速信号コンディショナー

## 1 特長

- USB 2.0、OTG 2.0、BC 1.2と互換
- LS、FS、HS信号処理のサポート
- アクティブ時の消費電力: 3.3V単一電源で55mW (標準値)
- 外付けのプルダウン抵抗により信号ゲインを選択可能
- DP、DMトレースを分断しない
- スケーラブルなソリューション - 損失の大きいアプリケーションにはデジチェーン・デバイスを使用
- 小型の1.6mm×1.6mm QFNパッケージ

## 2 アプリケーション

- ノートPC
- デスクトップPC
- ドッキング・ステーション
- 携帯電話
- アクティブ・ケーブル、ケーブル・エクステンダ
- バックプレーン
- TV
- タブレット

## 3 概要

TUSB211は、USBハイ・スピード(HS)信号コンディショナーで、伝送チャンネルでのISI信号損失を補償するよう設計されています。

デバイスには特許取得の設計が採用されており、USB Low Speed (LS)とFull Speed (FS)のどちらの信号でも関係なく動作します。LSおよびFS信号の特性は、TUSB211により影響を受けません。HS信号は補償されます。

信号ゲインをプログラム可能で、コネクタでHigh Speed信号を最適化するようデバイスの性能を微調整できます。この機能は、USB High Speedの電気コンプライアンス・テストに合格するため役立ちます。

TUSB211の占有面積は、DP/DM信号パスの連続性を分断しません。このため、完全なUSBチャンネルのシステムをリスクフリーで設計できます。

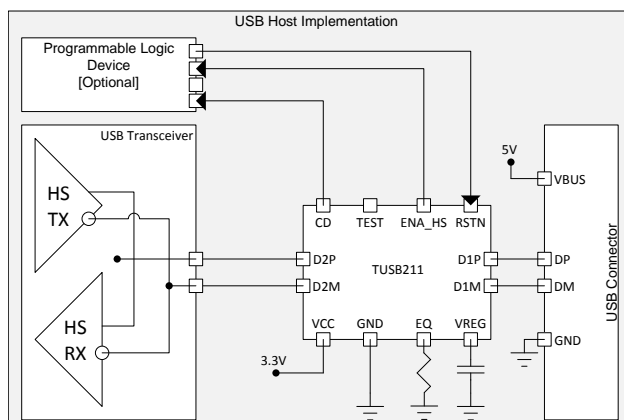
さらに、TUSB211はUSB On-The-Go (OTG)やBattery Charging (BC)プロトコルとも互換性があります。

### 製品情報 (1)

型番	パッケージ	本体サイズ(公称)
TUSB211	X2QFN (12)	1.60mm×1.60mm
TUSB211I		

(1) 利用可能なすべてのパッケージについては、このデータシートの末尾にある注文情報を参照してください。

## 概略回路図



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## 目次

1	特長	1	7.3	Device Functional Modes	7
2	アプリケーション	1	<b>8</b>	<b>Application and Implementation</b>	<b>8</b>
3	概要	1	8.1	Application Information	8
4	改訂履歴	2	8.2	Typical Application	8
<b>5</b>	<b>Pin Configuration and Functions</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>Power Supply Recommendations</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>Specifications</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>Layout</b>	<b>12</b>
6.1	Absolute Maximum Ratings	4	10.1	Layout Guidelines	12
6.2	ESD Ratings	4	10.2	Layout Example	12
6.3	Recommended Operating Conditions	4	<b>11</b>	<b>デバイスおよびドキュメントのサポート</b>	<b>13</b>
6.4	Thermal Information	4	11.1	関連リンク	13
6.5	Electrical Characteristics	5	11.2	コミュニティ・リソース	13
6.6	Switching Characteristics	6	11.3	商標	13
<b>7</b>	<b>Detailed Description</b>	<b>7</b>	11.4	静電気放電に関する注意事項	13
7.1	Overview	7	11.5	Glossary	13
7.2	Functional Block Diagram	7	<b>12</b>	<b>メカニカル、パッケージ、および注文情報</b>	<b>13</b>

## 4 改訂履歴

### Revision C (June 2016) から Revision D に変更

Page

•	データシートからデバイスTUSB211-Q1を削除	1
•	「特長」の「車載アプリケーション用に認定済み」を削除	1
•	「アプリケーション」の「車載インフォテイメント」を削除	1

### Revision A (June 2015) から Revision B に変更

Page

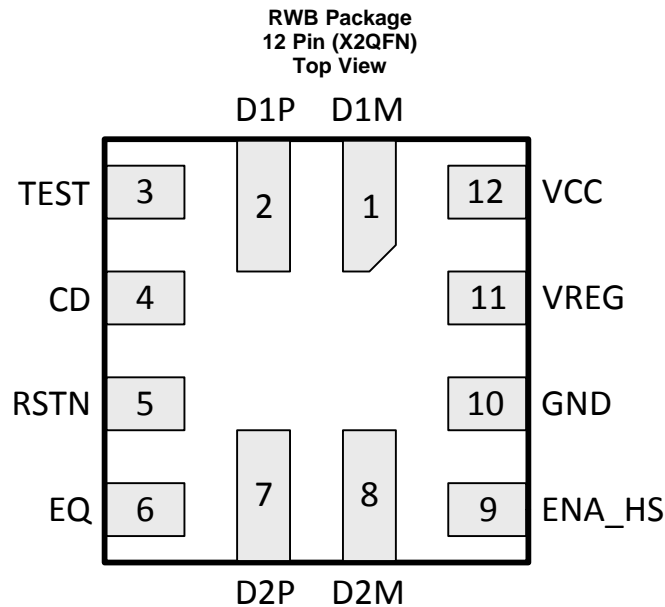
•	1ページのデータシートから完全なデータシートに変更	1
•	「特長」の「車載アプリケーション用に認定済み」を追加	1
•	「特長」の「産業用温度範囲: -40°C ~ 85°C」を削除	1
•	「アプリケーション」の「車載インフォテイメント」を追加	1
•	「概略回路図」を変更	1

### 2015年5月発行のものから更新

Page

•	データシートを「製品プレビュー」から「量産」に変更	1
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## 5 Pin Configuration and Functions



**Pin Functions**

PIN		I/O	INTERNAL PULLUP/PULLDOWN	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.			
VCC	12	P	N/A	3.3-V power
VREG	11	O	RSTN asserted: 30 kΩ PD FS, LS mode: 30 kΩ PD HS mode: N/A	1.8-V LDO output. Only enabled when operating in High Speed mode. Requires 0.1-μF external capacitor to GND to stabilize the core.
GND	10	P	N/A	Ground
RSTN	5	I	500 kΩ PU	Device disable/enable. Recommend 0.1-μF external capacitor to GND to ensure clean power on reset if not driven.
EQ	6	I	N/A	USB High Speed boost select via external pull down resistor. Sampled upon power up. Auto selects min EQ when left floating. Does not recognize real time adjustments.
D1P	2	I/O	N/A	USB High Speed positive port. Orientation independent – Can face either upstream or downstream.
D1M	1	I/O	N/A	USB High Speed negative port. Orientation independent – Can face either upstream or downstream.
D2P	7	I/O	N/A	USB High Speed positive port. Orientation independent – Can face either upstream or downstream.
D2M	8	I/O	N/A	USB High Speed negative port. Orientation independent – Can face either upstream or downstream.
TEST	3	I	RSTN asserted: 500 kΩ PD	No function. Leave floating.
ENA_HS	9	O	RSTN asserted: 500kΩ PD	Flag indicating that channel is in High Speed mode. Asserted upon: 1. Detection of USB-IF High Speed test fixture from an unconnected state followed by transmission of USB TEST_PACKET pattern. 2. Squelch detection following USB reset with a successful HS handshake [HS handshake is declared to be successful after single chirp J chirp K pair where each chirp is within 18 μs – 128 μs] De-asserted upon detection of disconnect or suspend. Can be left floating if not needed.
CD	4	O	RSTN asserted: 500 kΩ PD	Flag indicating that a USB device is attached. Asserted from an unconnected state upon detection of DP or DM pull-up resistor. De-asserted upon detection of disconnect. Can be left floating if not needed.

## 6 Specifications

### 6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) <sup>(1)</sup>

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage range	VCC	-0.3	3.8	V
Voltage range	D1P, D1M, D2P, D2M, RSTN, EQ	-0.3	3.8	V
Storage temperature, T <sub>stg</sub>		-65	150	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### 6.2 ESD Ratings

		VALUE	UNIT
V <sub>(ESD)</sub> Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 <sup>(1)</sup>	±3000	V
	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 <sup>(2)</sup>	±1000	

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.  
 (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

### 6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage	3	3.3	3.6	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature [TUSB211]	0		70	°C
	Operating free-air temperature [TUSB211I]	-40		85	

### 6.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>		RWB	UNIT
		12 PINS	
R <sub>θJA</sub>	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	161.6	°C/W
R <sub>θJC(top)</sub>	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	63.3	°C/W
R <sub>θJB</sub>	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	75.1	°C/W
ψ <sub>JT</sub>	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	1.9	°C/W
ψ <sub>JB</sub>	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	75.1	°C/W
R <sub>θJC(bot)</sub>	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	N/A	°C/W

- (1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, [SPRA953](#).

## 6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP <sup>(1)</sup>	MAX	UNIT
$I_{(ACTIVE\_HS)}$	High Speed Active Current	USB channel = HS mode. 480 Mbps traffic. $V_{CC}$ supply stable		16	20	mA
$I_{(IDLE\_HS)}$	High Speed Idle Current	USB channel = HS mode. No traffic. $V_{CC}$ supply stable		12	15	mA
$I_{(SUSPEND\_HS)}$	Suspend Current	USB channel = Suspend mode.		4.5	5.5	mA
$I_{(FS)}$	Full-Speed Current	USB channel = FS mode		4.5	5.5	mA
$I_{(LS)}$	Low-Speed Current	USB channel = LS mode		4.5	5.5	mA
$I_{(DISCONN)}$	Disconnect Power	Host side application. No device attachment.		4.5	5.5	mA
$I_{(RSTN)}$	Disable Power	RSTN driven low; $V_{CC}$ supply stable; $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$		4.5	5.5	mA
<b>RSTN</b>						
$V_{IH}$	High level input voltage		2		$V_{CC}$	V
$V_{IL}$	Low-level input voltage		0		0.8	V
$I_{IH}$	High level input current	$V_{IH} = 3.6\text{ V}$ , $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$ , RPU enabled			$\pm 2$	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{IL}$	Low level input current	$V_{IL} = 0\text{ V}$ , $V_{CC} = 3.6\text{ V}$ , RPU enabled			$\pm 11$	$\mu\text{A}$
<b>EQ</b>						
$R_{(EQ)}$	External pulldown resistor	Level 0 EQ			0.32	k $\Omega$
		Level 1 EQ	1.4		2.2	k $\Omega$
		Level 2 EQ [MAX]	3.7		4.1	k $\Omega$
		Level 3 EQ [MIN]	6			k $\Omega$
<b>CD, ENA_HS</b>						
$V_{OH}$	High level output voltage	$I_O = -50\ \mu\text{A}$	2.4			V
$V_{OL}$	Low level output voltage	$I_O = 50\ \mu\text{A}$			0.4	V
<b>DxP, DxM</b>						
$T_{(SHRT\_GND)}$	DP, DM low voltage short circuit	DxP or DxM short circuited to GND continuously for 24 hours at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ only	0			V
$C_{IO(DXX)}$	Capacitance to GND	Measured with LCR meter and device powered down. 1 MHz sinusoid, 30 mVpp ripple		5		pF

(1) (1) All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ , and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

## 6.6 Switching Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP <sup>(1)</sup>	MAX	UNIT
<b>DxP, DxM</b>						
F <sub>(BR_DXX)</sub>	Bit Rate	USB channel = HS mode. 480 Mbps traffic. V <sub>CC</sub> supply stable			480	Mbps
t <sub>(R/F_DXX)</sub>	Rise/Fall time		100			ps
<b>CD, ENA_HS</b>						
t <sub>(EN)</sub>	Enable time			20		μs
t <sub>(DIS)</sub>	Disable time			20		μs
<b>VCC</b>						
t <sub>(STABLE)</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> stable before RSTN de-assertion		100			μs
t <sub>(RAMP)</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> ramp time		0.2		100	ms

(1) (1) All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V, and T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.

## 7 Detailed Description

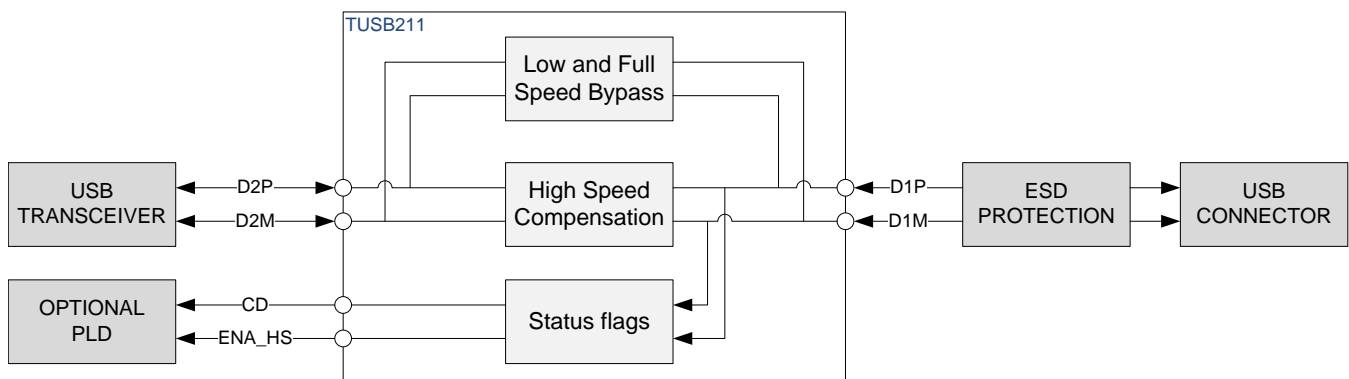
### 7.1 Overview

The TUSB211 is a USB High-Speed (HS) signal conditioner, designed to compensate for ISI signal loss in a transmission channel. TUSB211 has a patent-pending design which is agnostic to USB Low Speed (LS) and Full Speed (FS) signals and does not alter their signal characteristics, while HS signals are compensated. In addition, the design is compatible with USB On-The-Go (OTG) and Battery Charging (BC) specifications.

Programmable signal gain through an external resistor permits fine tuning device performance to optimize signals helping to pass USB HS electrical compliance tests at the connector.

The footprint of TUSB211 allows a board layout using this device such that it does not break the continuity of the DP/DM signal traces. This permits risk free system design of a complete USB channel with flexible use of one or multiple TUSB211 devices as needed for optimal signal integrity. This allows system designers to plan for this device and use it only if signal integrity analysis and/or lab measurements show a need. If such a need is not warranted, the device can be left unpopulated without any board rework.

### 7.2 Functional Block Diagram



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### 7.3 Device Functional Modes

#### 7.3.1 Low Speed (LS) Mode

TUSB211 automatically detects a LS connection and does not enable signal compensation. CD pin is asserted high.

#### 7.3.2 Full Speed (FS) Mode

TUSB211 automatically detects a FS connection and does not enable signal compensation. CD pin is asserted high.

#### 7.3.3 High Speed (HS) Mode

TUSB211 automatically detects a HS connection and enables signal compensation as determined by the configuration of the external pulldown resistance on its EQ pin. ENA\_HS pin asserted high in addition to the CD pin.

#### 7.3.4 Disable Mode

TUSB211 can be disabled when its RSTN pin is asserted low. The USB channel is still fully operational, but there is neither signal compensation, nor any indication from the CD pin or ENA\_HS pin as to the status of the channel.

## 8 Application and Implementation

### 注

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

### 8.1 Application Information

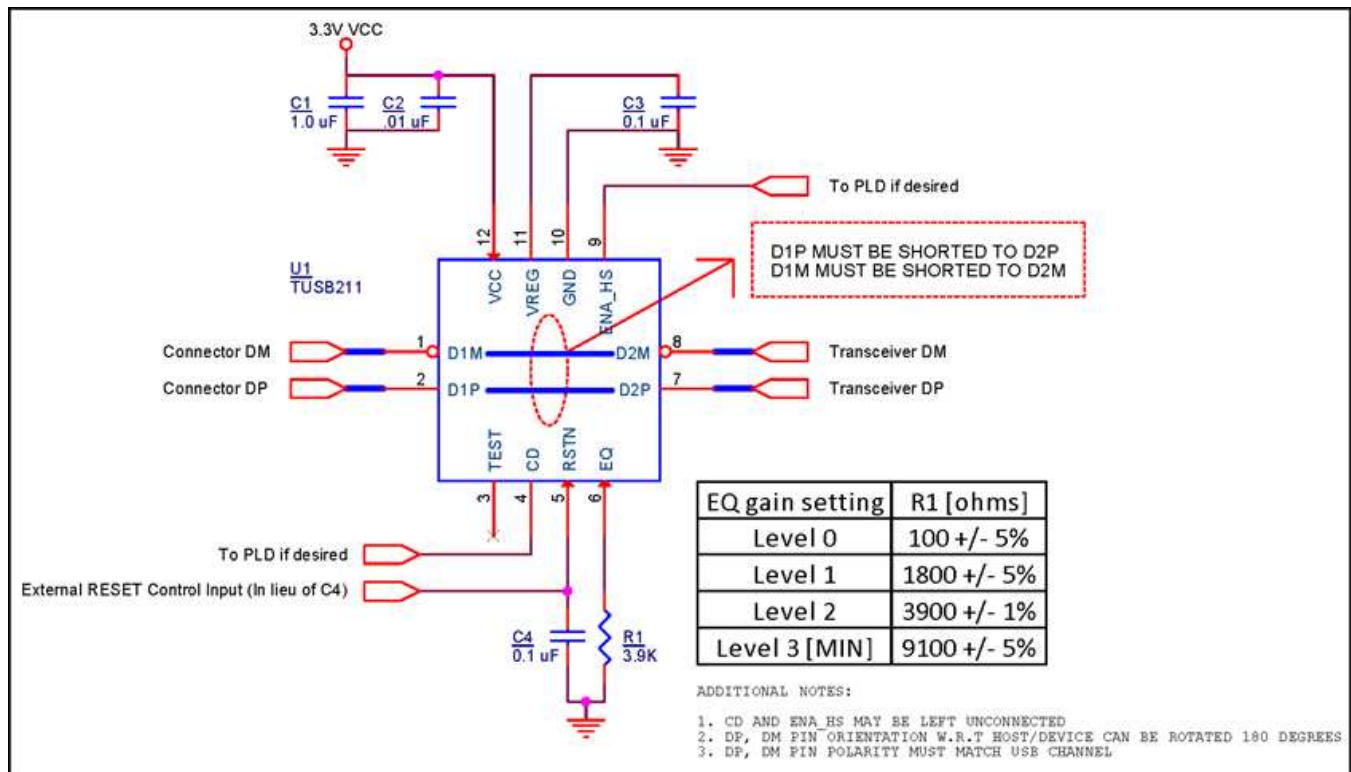
The primary purpose of the TUSB211 is to re-store the signal integrity of a USB High Speed channel up to the USB connector. The loss in signal quality stems from reduced channel bandwidth due to high loss PCB trace and other components that contribute a capacitive load. This can cause the channel to fail the USB near end eye mask. Proper use of the TUSB211 can help to pass this eye mask.

A secondary purpose is to use the CD pin and ENA\_HS pin of the TUSB211 to control other blocks on the customer platform if so desired.

### 8.2 Typical Application

A typical application is shown below. In this setup, D1P and D1M face the USB connector while D2P and D2M face the USB transceiver. If desired, the orientation may be reversed [that is, D1 faces transceiver and D2 faces connector].

Note that CD and ENA\_HS are connected to PLDs. This is for platforms where other circuit blocks must be modified based on the status of the USB channel. They could also be connected to LEDs to give a physical indication of current channel status for debug purposes. If neither use is desired, they can be left floating.



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☒ 1. Reference Schematic



## Typical Application (continued)

### 8.2.1 Design Requirements

TUSB211 requires a valid reset signal as described in the power supply recommendations section. The capacitor C4 is not required if a microcontroller drives the RSTN pin according to recommendations.

Pin 11 VREG is an internal LDO output that requires a 0.1  $\mu$ F external capacitor to GND to stabilize the core.

Pin 6 EQ requires an external pulldown resistor if EQ levels 0-2 are needed. If EQ level 3 is needed, then the EQ pin can be left floating.

### 8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

The ideal EQ setting is dependent upon the signal chain loss characteristics of the target platform. The general recommendation is to start with EQ level 0, and then increment to EQ level 1, and so on, if permissible.

In order for the TUSB211 to recognize any change to the EQ setting, the RSTN pin must be toggled. This is because the EQ pin is latched on power up and the pin is ignored thereafter.

In addition, TUSB211 does not compensate for any DC attenuation in the signal path. Therefore, minimizing DC loss (that is, resistance) in the system design, is suggested. As a consequence, this might lead to increased line capacitance. This is acceptable because the TUSB211 can compensate for the additional capacitive load.

Placement of the device is also dependent on the application goal. [表 1](#) summarizes the recommendations.

**表 1. TUSB211 Platform Placement Guideline**

PLATFORM GOAL	SUGGESTED TUSB211 PLACEMENT
Pass USB Near End Mask	Close to measurement point
Pass USB Far End Eye Mask	Close to USB PHY
Cascade multiple 211s to improve device enumeration	Midway between each USB interconnect

#### 注

USB-IF certification tests for High Speed eye masks require the *mandated use* of the USB-IF developed test fixtures. These test fixtures do not require the use of oscilloscope probes. Instead they use SMA cables. More information can be found at the USB-IF Compliance Updates Page. It is located under the 'Electricals' section, ID 86 dated March 2013.

The following procedure must be followed before using any oscilloscope compliance software to construct a USB High Speed Eye Mask:

#### 8.2.2.1 For a Host Side Application

1. Configure the TUSB211 to the desired EQ setting
2. Power on (or toggle the RSTN pin if already powered on) the TUSB211
3. Using SMA cables, connect the oscilloscope and the USB-IF host-side test fixture to the TUSB211
4. Enable the host to transmit USB TEST\_PACKET
5. Execute the oscilloscope's USB compliance software.
6. Repeat the above steps in order to re-test TUSB211 with a different EQ setting

### 8.2.2.2 For a Device Side Application

1. Configure the TUSB211 to the desired EQ setting
2. Power on (or toggle the RSTN pin if already powered on) the TUSB211
3. Connect a USB host, the USB-IF device-side test fixture, and USB device to the TUSB211. Ensure that the USB-IF device test fixture is configured to the 'INIT' position
4. Allow the host to enumerate the device
5. Enable the device to transmit USB TEST\_PACKET
6. Using SMA cables, connect the oscilloscope to the USB-IF device-side test fixture and ensure that the device-side test fixture is configured to the 'TEST' position.
7. Execute the oscilloscope's USB compliance software.
8. Repeat the above steps in order to re-test TUSB211 with a different EQ setting

### 8.2.3 Application Curves

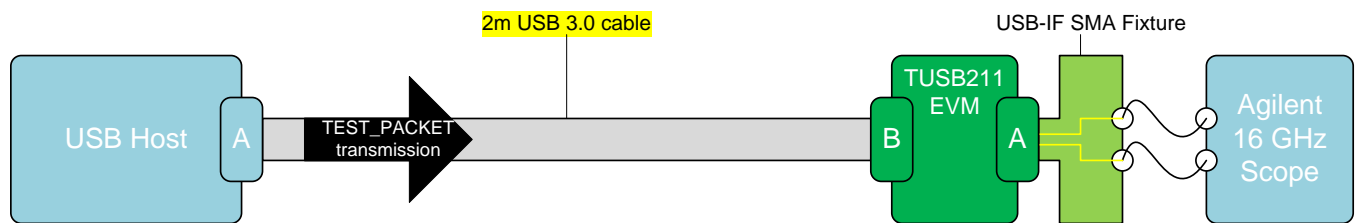
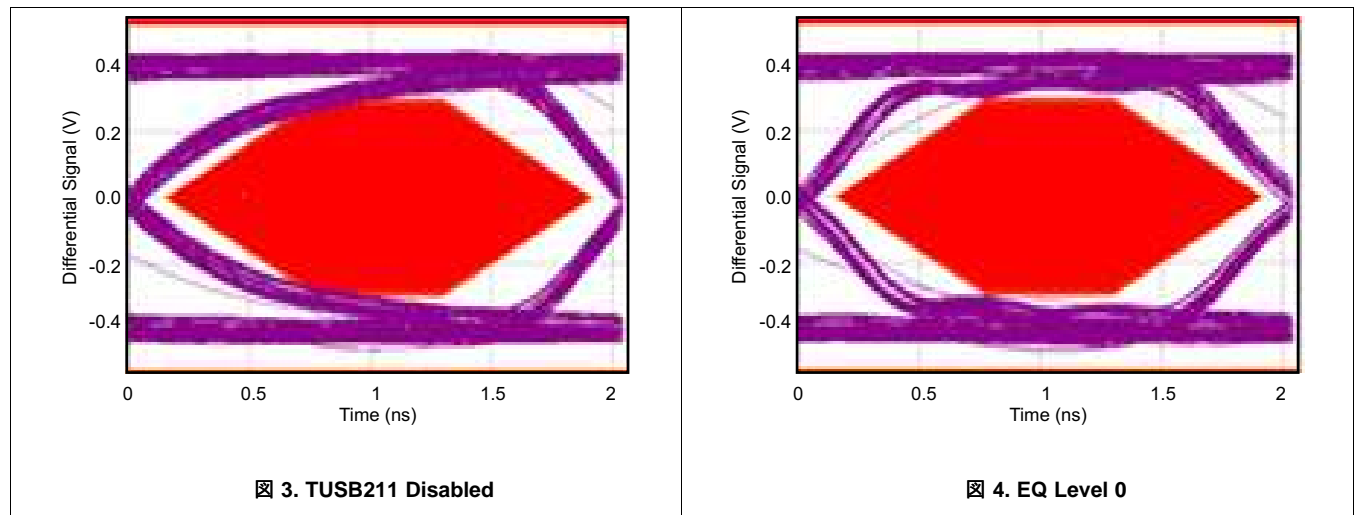
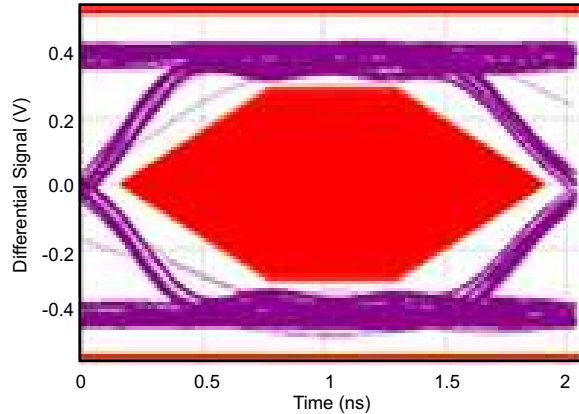
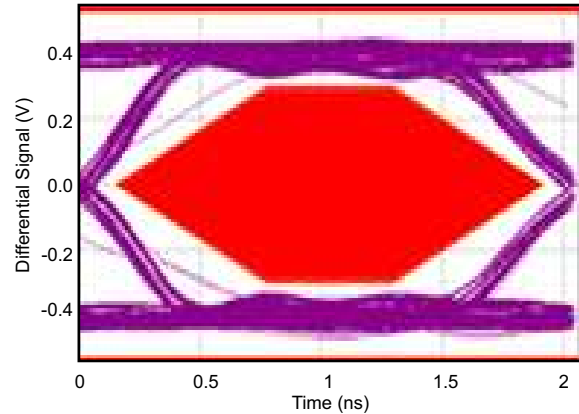


图 2. Eye Diagram Bench Setup

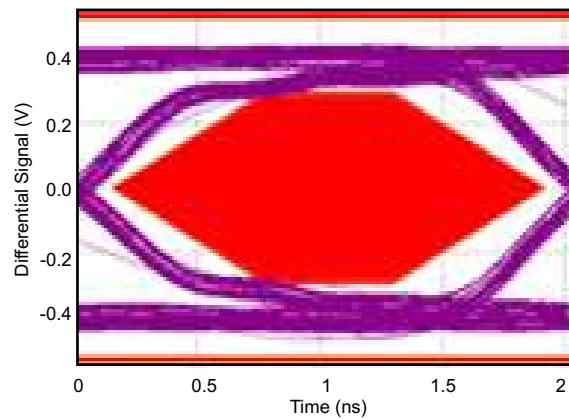




☒ 5. EQ Level 1



☒ 6. EQ Level 2



☒ 7. EQ Level 3

## 9 Power Supply Recommendations

On power up, the interaction of the RSTN pin and power on ramp could result in digital circuits not being set correctly. The device should not be enabled until the power on ramp has settled to 3 V or higher to guarantee a correct power on reset of the digital circuitry. If RSTN cannot be held low by microcontroller or other circuitry until the power on ramp has settled, then an external capacitor from the RSTN pin to GND is required to hold the device in the low power reset state.

The RC time constant should be larger than five times of the power on ramp time (0 to  $V_{CC}$ ). With a typical internal pullup resistance of 500 k $\Omega$ , the recommended minimum external capacitance is calculated as:

$$[\text{Ramp Time} \times 5] \div [500 \text{ k}\Omega] \tag{1}$$

## 10 Layout

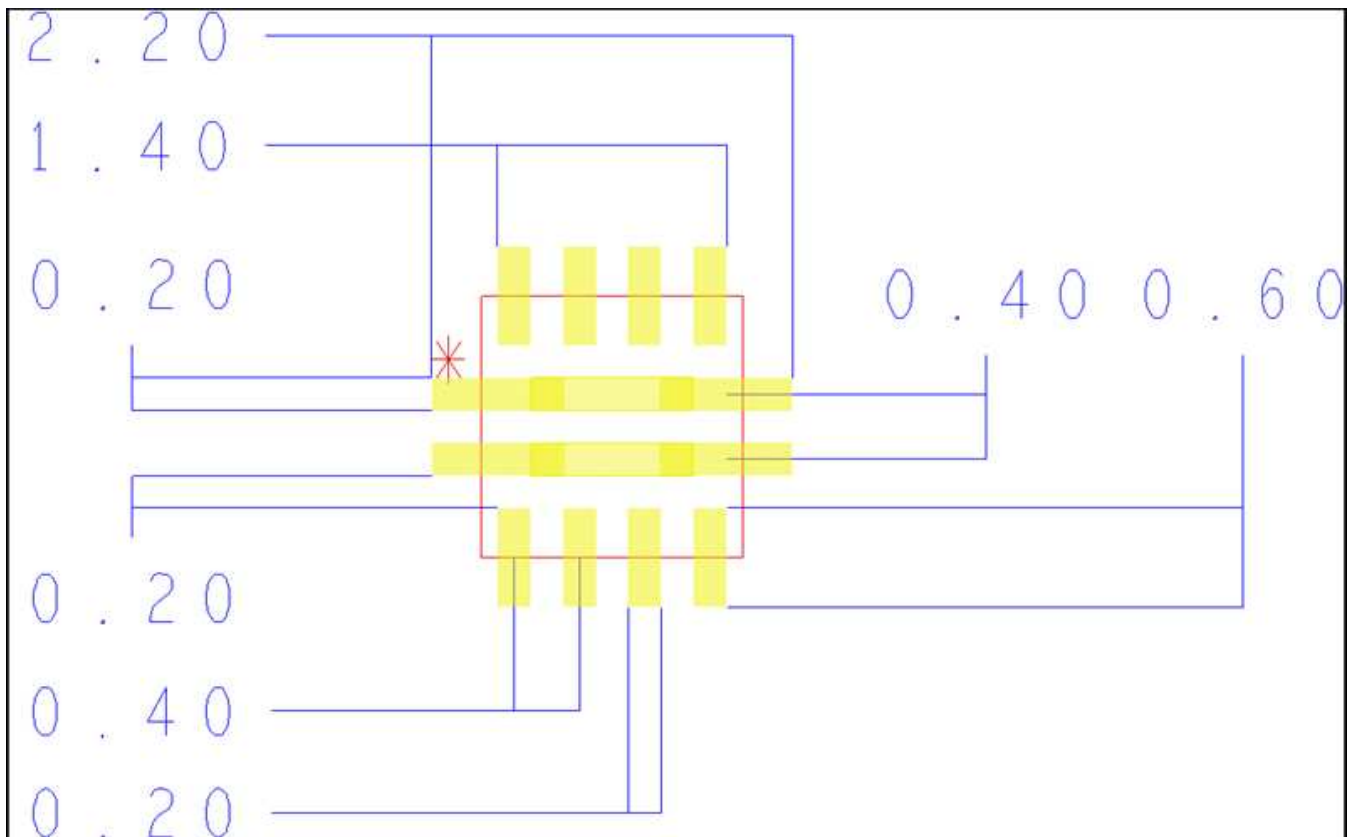
### 10.1 Layout Guidelines

There is no need to break the USB signal trace. Thus, even with the TUSB211 powered down, or not populated, the USB link is still fully operational. To avoid the need for signal vias, routing the High Speed traces directly underneath the TUSB211 package, as illustrated in the PCB land pattern shown in [Figure 8](#), is recommended.

Although the land pattern shown below has matched trace width to pad width, optimal impedance control is based on the user's own PCB stack-up. It is recommended to maintain 90  $\Omega$  differential routing underneath the device.

All dimensions are in millimetres (mm).

### 10.2 Layout Example



**Figure 8. DP and DM Routing Underneath Device Package**

## 11 デバイスおよびドキュメントのサポート

### 11.1 関連リンク

次の表に、クイック・アクセス・リンクを示します。カテゴリには、技術資料、サポートおよびコミュニティ・リソース、ツールとソフトウェア、およびご注文へのクイック・アクセスが含まれます。

表 2. 関連リンク

製品	プロダクト・フォルダ	ご注文はこちら	技術資料	ツールとソフトウェア	サポートとコミュニティ
TUSB211	<a href="#">ここをクリック</a>	<a href="#">ここをクリック</a>	<a href="#">ここをクリック</a>	<a href="#">ここをクリック</a>	<a href="#">ここをクリック</a>
TUSB211I	<a href="#">ここをクリック</a>	<a href="#">ここをクリック</a>	<a href="#">ここをクリック</a>	<a href="#">ここをクリック</a>	<a href="#">ここをクリック</a>

### 11.2 コミュニティ・リソース

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's [Terms of Use](#).

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**設計サポート** *TIの設計サポート* 役に立つE2Eフォーラムや、設計サポート・ ツールをすばやく見つけることができます。技術サポート用の連絡先情報も参照できます。

### 11.3 商標

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### 11.4 静電気放電に関する注意事項



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### 11.5 Glossary

**SLYZ022** — *TI Glossary*.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

## 12 メカニカル、パッケージ、および注文情報

以降のページには、メカニカル、パッケージ、および注文に関する情報が記載されています。この情報は、そのデバイスについて利用可能な最新のデータです。このデータは予告なく変更されることがあり、ドキュメントが改訂される場合もあります。本データシートのブラウザ版を使用されている場合は、画面左側の説明をご覧ください。

**PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TUSB2111RWBR	ACTIVE	X2QFN	RWB	12	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	I1	<b>Samples</b>
TUSB211RWBR	ACTIVE	X2QFN	RWB	12	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	0 to 70	C1	<b>Samples</b>

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

**RoHS Exempt:** TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

**Green:** TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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**TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION**

**QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE**


\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TUSB211RWBR	X2QFN	RWB	12	3000	180.0	8.4	1.8	1.8	0.48	4.0	8.0	Q2
TUSB211RWBR	X2QFN	RWB	12	3000	180.0	8.4	1.8	1.8	0.61	4.0	8.0	Q2
TUSB211RWBR	X2QFN	RWB	12	3000	180.0	8.4	1.8	1.8	0.48	4.0	8.0	Q2

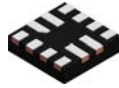


**TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS**


\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TUSB2111RWBR	X2QFN	RWB	12	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TUSB211RWBR	X2QFN	RWB	12	3000	213.0	191.0	35.0
TUSB211RWBR	X2QFN	RWB	12	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0

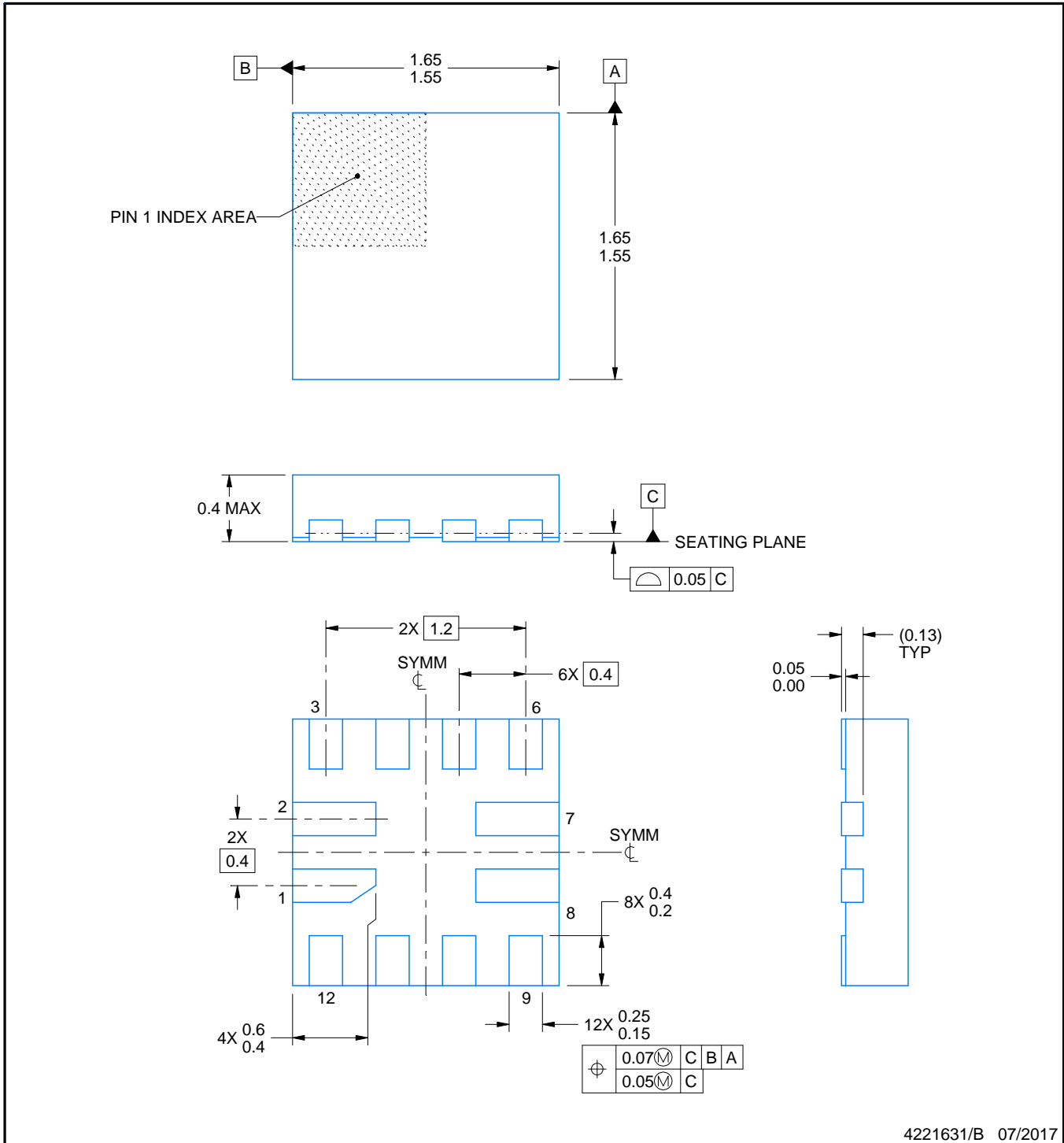
RWB0012A



# PACKAGE OUTLINE

## X2QFN - 0.4 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



4221631/B 07/2017

NOTES:

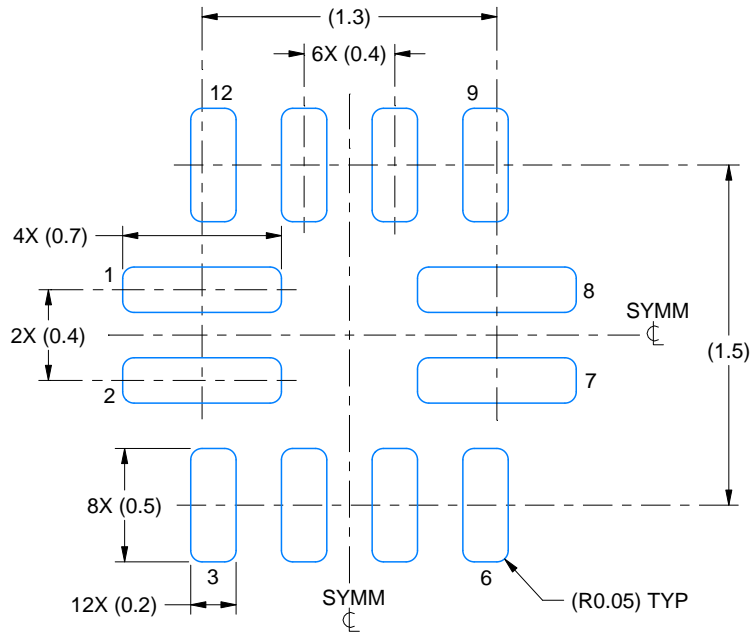
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

# EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

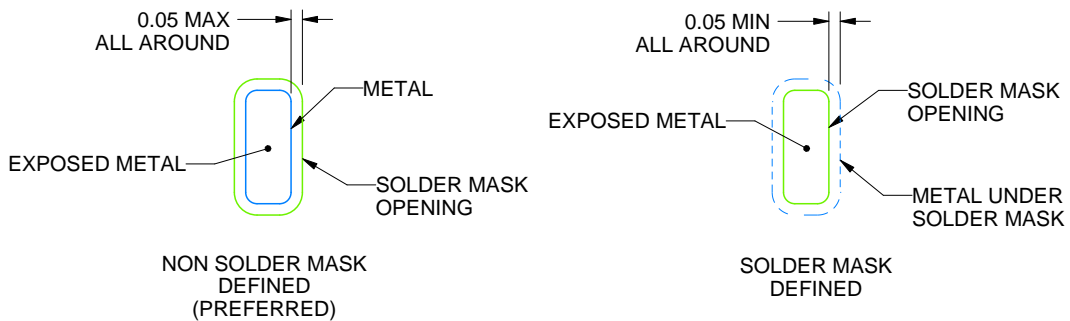
RWB0012A

X2QFN - 0.4 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE  
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN  
SCALE:30X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

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NOTES: (continued)

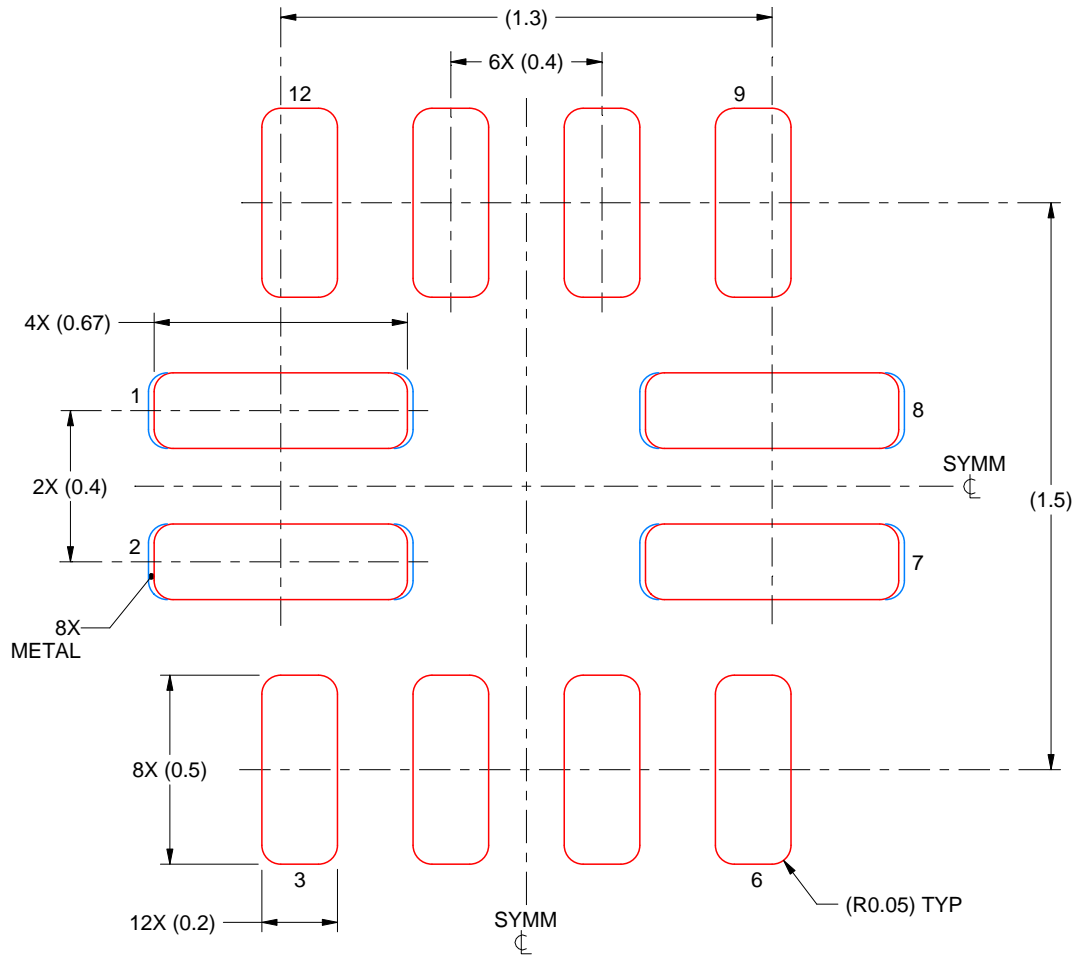
3. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 ([www.ti.com/lit/slua271](http://www.ti.com/lit/slua271)).

# EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

RWB0012A

X2QFN - 0.4 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



**SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE**  
BASED ON 0.1 mm THICK STENCIL  
PADS 1,2,7 & 8  
96% PRINTED SOLDER COVERAGE BY AREA  
SCALE:50X

4221631/B 07/2017

NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

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