TMS320C6670 Breakthrough performance for process-intensive applications



Product bulletin

Texas Instruments' TMS320C6670 System-on-Chip (SoC) is well suited for high-performance programmable applications in areas such as radar, software defined radio (SDR) and emerging broadband. These markets all have similar needs for high-performance, high-speed peripherals and power efficiency. The C6670 SoC is based on TI's KeyStone multicore architecture and integrates four C66x DSP cores to offer real-time performance that helps customers realize R&D savings while getting to market faster.

TI's TMS320C6670 SoC is the highest performance communications processor in the market with fixed- and floating-point capabilities, delivering real-time performance with the speed and peripheral support needed for performance. With both fixed- and floatingpoint DSP cores on the same device, the C6670 enables designers to take advantage of rapid algorithm prototyping and guick software redesigns, reducing costs and development time. Fewer C6670 DSPs are needed to provide the same amount of processing power as previous generations and/or competitive products, so designers can enjoy simplified programming with fewer cores along with increased performance.

Target applications

The TMS320C6670 has been designed to support high-performance applications, including radar, software defined radio (SDR) and emerging broadband. With a multicore architecture combined with hardware and software coprocessors and accelerators, the C6670 delivers the performance needed at the best power efficiency possible.

Radar – The C6670 can be used in a variety of radar applications ranging from military

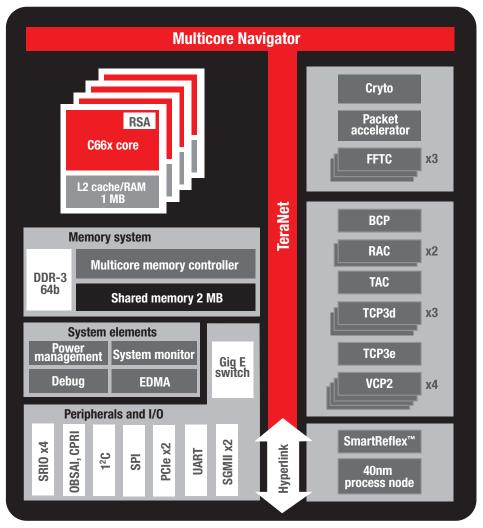
to commercial. Radar (radio detection and ranging) is a demanding application that works by emitting radio frequency (RF) signals at particular frequencies and then listening for the return signals from the "target". It involves processing data that is acquired using arrays of sensor elements to provide information relevant to the location and tracking of the target. Radar requires not only high performance, but also large on-chip memory to improve real time response. The performance integration of the C6670, combined with the large dedicated memory makes it a perfect choice for radar.

In addition, the array of data from the sensors must be processed as a set of linear equations to extract the desired information. Solution methods require math functions such as matrix inverse, factorization, adaptive filtering, etc. The greater precision of output required, along with the need for a larger dynamic range, make these functions perform significantly better on a 1.2 GHz floating-point engine like the C6670. Additionally, the SIMD enhancements and the 1.2 GHz 32 MAC/ cycle fixed-point capability of the C6670, give designers tremendous flexibility in finding the right fixed- and floating-point combination to suit their applications.

Key features

- Performance fastest fixed- and floating-point DSP core
 - Four cores at 1 GHz and 1.2 GHz
 - 153.8 GMACs / 76.8 GFLOPs for 1.2 GHz
- Architecture
 - KeyStone architecture
 - Multicore Navigator
 - TeraNet On-chip switch fabric
- Coprocessor accelerators
 - FFTC x3 Fast Fourier Transform
 - TCP3d x3- Turbo Decoder
 - TCP3e x1 Turbo Encoder
 - VCP2 x4 Viterbi
 - BCP x1 Bit rate coprocessor
 - RAC x2 Receive accelerator processor
 - TAC Transmit accelerator processor
 - RSA Rake search accelerator
 - Packet accelerator
 - Security engine
- High-speed input/output (I/O)
 - PCI Express Gen II single & double lanes
 - Serial RapidIO® V2.1 x4
- OBSAI / CPRI x6
- DDR3 1600 MHz (64b)
- Hyperlink chip-to-chip interconnect
- Memory
- 2 MB shared L2
- 1 MB Cache L2 per core
- Power
 - Dynamic power monitoring
- SmartReflex[™] technology
- Industrial/extended temperature range - -40°C to 100°C
- Peripherals
 - Ethernet ports SGMII x2
 - UART, I²C, SPI, GPIO

Software Defined Radio (SDR) – In infrastructure and land-based SDR applications, the C6670 is ideally suited to support a variety



🔺 TMS320C6670 block diagram

of commercial and custom waveforms. The device natively supports various broadband standards such as LTE, WiMAX, WCDMA and CDMA2000, as well as multichannel solutions of narrowband waveforms such GSM, APCO, Tetra, P25 and TEDS. Integrated wireless acceleration eliminates the need for FPGAs and helps to provide the processing needed for all of these standards. Additionally, the plethora of connectivity on this device provides straightforward interfacing to a variety of other devices and backplanes. For example, the C6670 integrates six lanes of OBSAI/CPRI interface natively on chip at 6 GPS full duplex. This allows overhead-free communication to wireless remote radio heads and interfaces to antennas in wireless systems. The device also includes a network coprocessor (with an optional security accelerator) that makes communicating to the IP world easy and painless. Providing this high compute capability

in a power efficient platform is what makes the C6670 appealing to systems designers in telecom as well as defense and public safety applications.

Emerging broadband – As communications technologies continue to evolve to get the most out of precious resources such as wireless spectrum, devices like the C6670 are the right choice to help designers squeeze more capacity and coverage. Whether it is wireless local loop, multimedia distribution, high performance sensor networks or emerging short range access, the C6670 provides abundant performance to tackle challenging specifications.

High-performance solution for process-intensive applications

The TMS320C6670 SoC is designed specifically for high-performance driven applications. It includes four new C66x DSP cores and a multitude of coprocessors to drive any communication related applications. To make the transition from current C64x[™] DSPs easier, the C6670 is backward code-compatible, allowing software reuse and maintaining value-added designs and IP. In addition, TI's C6670 solution is scalable to meet the needs of all markets, from small portable designs to larger stationary equipment. With one software base for a variety of products developed you can realize the highest R&D efficiency possible as well as optimized product costs.

The C6670 SoC is based on 40-nm process technology and delivers 4.8 GHz of raw DSP processing power as well as performance of up to 153.6 GMACs, making it a cost-effective solution to high-performance SoC programming challenges. With the addition of the floating-point capability, the C6670 offers a performance of up to 76.8-billion floating-point operations per second (GFLOPs), making it the industry's most powerful communications SoC. With both fixed- and floating-point processors on the same core, the TMS320C6670 is able to perform up to four times faster than a fixed-point implementation alone (see Table 1 for more information). In addition, development and debug cycle time is significantly reduced from a three month design cycle to just a few days.

The C6670 SoC integrates a large amount of on-chip memory organized as a two-level memory system, helping to minimize latency and increase system performance. The Level 1 (L1) program and data memories on the C6670 device are 32 KB each per core. The Level 2 (L2) memory is shared between program and data space and is a total of 4,096 KB (1,024 KB per core). The C6670 device also contains 2,048 KB of Multicore Shared Memory (MSM) that can be used as a shared L2 SRAM. A Multicore Shared Memory Controller (MSMC) prevents memory contention between the cores and arbitrates access to the shared memory between the cores and other IP blocks.

KeyStone multicore architecture

TI's KeyStone multicore architecture implemented in the C6670 device maximizes the throughput of on-chip data flows to eliminate even the most remote possibility of bottlenecks, ensuring that the vast processing

Massive performance improvement per DSP Core				
Single precision floating-point FFT, 2048 pt. radix 4				
C67x @ 300 MHz	C66x @1.2 GHz	Gain		
86.84 us	14.60 us	~6X		
Fixed-point FFT, 2048 pt, radix 4				
C64x+ @ 1.2 GHz	C66x @1.2 GHz	Gain		
8.23 us	4.64 us	~2X		
FIR filter, 40 samples, 40 taps				
C64x+ @ 1.2 GHz	C66x @1.2 GHz	Gain		
0.69	0.36 us	~2X		
Matrix multiply 32 x 32				
C64x+ @ 1.2 GHz	C66x @1.2 GHz	Gain		
17.92	6.42 us	~3X		
Matrix inverse 4 x 4				
C64x+ @ 1.2 GHz	C66x @1.2 GHz	Gain		
0.53	0.13 us	~4X		

Table 1 – Comparison between C67x/C64x+ core and C66x core

power of the device's C66x DSP cores can be utilized to the maximum. Central to this architecture is TeraNet, a packet-based fabric of high-speed non-blocking channels that delivers as much as 2 terabits per second of on-chip throughput. With TeraNet and an extensive two-layer memory structure, data flows freely and effectively through the C6670 device.

Although it provides direct chip-to-chip connectivity for local devices, Hyperlink is also integral to the internal processing architecture of the C6670 device. Hyperlink is a fast and efficient interface with low protocol overhead and high throughput, running at an aggregate speed of 50 Gbps (four lanes at 12.5 Gbps full duplex). Working in conjunction with Multicore Navigator, Hyperlink transparently dispatches tasks to other local devices where they are executed as if they were being processed on local resources.

In the KeyStone architecture, CorePac is defined as the main processing element in a multicore DSP. The CorePac includes the infrastructure that supports the DSP cores, including shared memory and memory controllers. There are three levels of memory in the KeyStone architecture. Each C66x CorePac has its own level-1 program (L1P) and level-1 data (L1D) memory. Additionally, each CorePac has a local level-2 unified memory (LL2). Each of the local memories can be independently configured as memory-mapped SRAM, cache or a combination of the two.

In addition, the KeyStone architecture includes a shared memory subsystem, comprising internal and external memory connected through the Multicore Shared Memory Controller (MSMC). The MSMC allows the CorePacs to dynamically share the internal and external memories for both program and data. The MSMC internal RAM offers flexibility to programmers by allowing portions to be configured as shared level-2 RAM (SL2) or shared level-3 RAM (SL3). SL2 RAM is cacheable only within the local L1P and L1D caches, while SL3 is additionally cacheable in the local L2 caches.

External memory is connected through the same memory controller as the internal shared memory, rather than to chip system interconnect as has been traditionally been done on embedded processor architectures, providing a fast path for software execution. External memory is always treated as SL3 memory and cacheable in L1 and L2.

The C6670 device also features several innovative coprocessing accelerators that offload processing tasks from the DSP engines, thereby enabling sustained high application processing rates. A packet accelerator, for example, speeds the data flow throughout the core by transferring data to peripheral interfaces such as the Ethernet ports or Serial RapidIO without the involvement of any core's DSP processor. In addition, the packet accelerator works in tandem with another new coprocessor, the Security Accelerator, which provides security processing for a number of popular encryption modes and algorithms, including IPSec, SCTP, SRTP, 3GPP, SSL/TLS and several others.

Multicore Navigator

A breakthrough feature of the C6670 device is TI's innovative Multicore Navigator which brings single-core simplicity to multicore devices. Multicore Navigator is designed to support hardware-assisted functional acceleration that utilizes an innovative packet based hardware subsystem in KeyStone devices. With an extensive series of over 8,000 queues and a packet-aware DMA controller, it optimizes the packet-based communications of the on-chip cores by practically eliminating all copy operations. The extreme efficiency made possible by the Multicore Navigator results in a 100x performance gain in terms of the number of packets communicated per second over previous generation cores.

The low latencies and zero interrupts ensured by Multicore Navigator as well as its transparent operations enable new and more effective programming models such as task dispatchers. Moreover, software development cycles are shortened significantly by several features inherent in Multicore Navigator, including dynamic software partitioning. With Multicore Navigator's 'fire & forget' software tasking, developers save significant time and effort by defining repetitive tasks only once, and thereafter accessing and running these tasks automatically without additional coding efforts.

Faster coprocessors for optimized wireless designs

Since 2001 TI has delivered various coprocessing functions, consisting of configurable IP blocks to offload processing demands as well as increase overall device performance. TI's coprocessors also reduce power requirements and dissipation as well as board complexity, making new products easier to design, build and debug.

As various industry standards evolve and related implementations become standard-

ized, each evolution of the TI DSP devices has included more and more acceleration/ coprocessing and as such provides a compelling roadmap to lower power and costs while delivering higher performing solutions for our customers. TI's strategy of integrating DSP cores along with coprocessors and accelerators has proven to be the simplest and most economical approach to communications, wireless and other high performance applications and continues to be the market leading solution today.

TI is now offering its third generation of communications coprocessors that deliver the equivalent processing power of over 250 DSP cores. Hundreds of customers that have come to rely on TI's DSPs and software solutions, have realized that TI's DSP platforms are easier to design with and deliver the processing power and reliability needed. TI's accelerators and coprocessors eliminate external FPGAs and ASICs as well as additional DSPs that were previously needed to deliver the performance needed, lowering the system cost and design complexity.

The C6670 has fifteen high-performance embedded coprocessors to help offload DSP processing demands while increasing overall device performance – four enhanced Viterbi decoder coprocessors (VCP2), three third-generation turbo decoder coprocessor (TCP3d), turbo encoder coprocessor (TCP3e) and three fast Fourier transform coprocessors (FFTC). There is also a bit rate coprocessor (BCP) that significantly speeds up channel encoding/decoding operations on-chip, dual receive accelerator coprocessors (RAC) used for WCDMA processing and transmit acceleration coprocessor (TAC) also used in WCDMA. Finally, the C6670 also has rake search accelerators (RSA) that are tightly coupled to the C66x core.

The four Viterbi decoders (VCP3) support more than 38 Mbps at 40 bit block size. The three Turbo decoder coprocessors (TCP3d) support WCDMA/HSPA/HSPA+/TD-SCDMA, LTE and WiMAX. The TCP3d supports 548 Mbps for LTE and up to 353 Mbps for WCDMA. The single turbo encoder coprocessor (TCP3e) is targeted for LTE with 643 Mbps and WCDMA with 746 Mbps. With three fast Fourier transform coprocessor (FFTC), the C6670 supports 2048 point FFT in 4.8us. Finally the bit rate coprocessor (BCP) is targeted for uplink / downlink bit rate processing in LTE (914 Mbps), WCDMA/TD-SCDMA (405 Mbps) and WiMAX. The RAC supports up to 256 WCDMA users at eight fingers without measurement. Finally, the TAC supports up to 256 WCDMA users with two radio links and diversity.

Lowest power consumption for the performance

TI has a legacy of providing the lowest power, high performance DSPs on the market. TI is able to achieve its ultimate low power through the combination of its process technology, including SmartReflex[™] technology, and the proactive use of power management techniques, such as adaptive voltage scaling, to keep active power at a minimum. In addition, TI has leveraged its extensive knowledge in the high performance applications market to establish multiple, dynamic power modes for the TMS320C6670 device, allowing customers a programmable strategy for optimizing power usage based on operation and use models for a particular market. TI's power efficient architecture also enables designers to develop smaller, power efficient portable devices for markets such as mid to small form factor RADAR and scalable software defined radios. The C6670 enables multiple processors in previous designs to be consolidated down due to its better power profile coupled with higher performance than competitive products. With more processing performance in the same power envelope as previous generations of products, the C6670 gives designers more freedom and processing room to develop even higher performance applications.

Complete tools and support

The C6670 device provides a full suite of best-in-class Eclipse-based development and debug tools, including: a new C compiler, an assembly optimizer to simplify programming and scheduling and a Windows[®] debugger interface for visibility into source code execution. TI's compiler generates highly efficient code that is "first pass efficient" so there is less need to optimize it. TI's debug tools help developers to visualize problems and resolve them quickly, helping designers get products to the field faster while saving development resources. In addition. TI offers a TMS320C6670 evaluation module (EVM) that helps customers to guickly evaluate the C6670's high performance.

For more information

To learn more about the TMS320C6670 SoC please visit **www.ti.com/c6670**. Discover how the C6670 can add performance to your next high-performance, computation-intensive application design.

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