



TPS56x209, 4.5V to 17 V Input, 2-A, 3-A Synchronous Step-Down Voltage Regulator in 6 pin SOT-23

1 Features

- TPS562209 - 2A converter with integrated 122-mΩ and 72-mΩ FETs
- TPS563209 - 3A converter with integrated 68-mΩ and 39-mΩ FETs
- D-CAP2™ Mode Control for Fast Transient Response
- Input Voltage Range: 4.5 V to 17 V
- Output Voltage Range: 0.76 V to 7 V
- 650 kHz Switching Frequency
- Low Shutdown Current Less than 10μA
- 1% Feedback Voltage Accuracy (25°C)
- Startup from Pre-Biased Output Voltage
- Cycle By Cycle Over-current Limit
- Hiccup-mode Under Voltage Protection
- Non-latch OVP, UVLO and TSD Protections
- Fixed Soft Start : 1.0ms

2 Applications

- Digital TV Power Supply
- High Definition Blu-ray Disc™ Players
- Networking Home Terminal
- Digital Set Top Box (STB)

3 Description

The TPS562209 and TPS563209 are simple, easy-to-use, 2-A and 3-A synchronous step-down converters in 6 pin SOT-23 package.

The devices are optimized to operate with minimum external component counts and also optimized to achieve low standby current.

These switch mode power supply (SMPS) devices employ D-CAP2™ mode control providing a fast transient response and supporting both low equivalent series resistance (ESR) output capacitors such as specialty polymer and ultra-low ESR ceramic capacitors with no external compensation components.

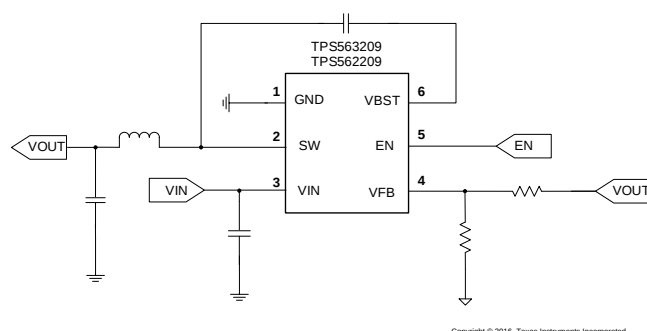
TPS562209 and TPS563209 always operate in continuous conduction mode, which reduces the output ripple voltage in light load compared to discontinuous conduction mode. TPS56x209 are available in a 6-pin 1.6 × 2.9(mm) SOT (DDC) package, and specified from -40°C to 150°C of junction temperature.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TPS563209, TPS562209	SOT (6)	1.60 mm × 2.90 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the datasheet.

Simplified Schematic



Transient Response

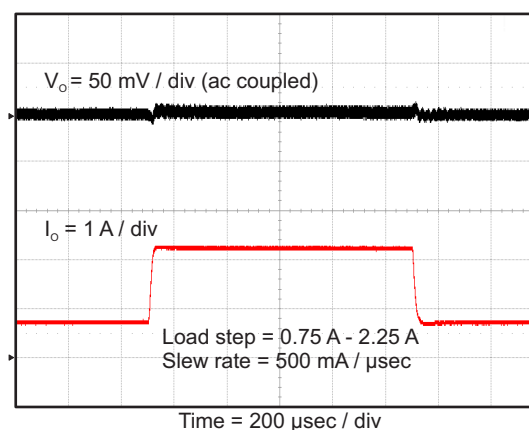


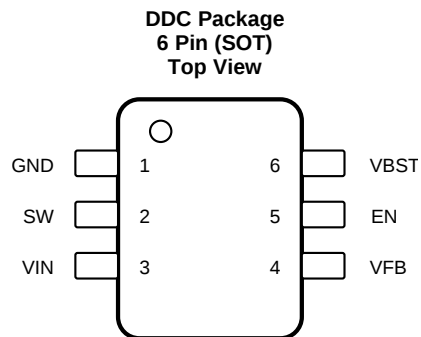
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4 Revision History

Changes from Original (September 2014) to Revision A	Page
• Updated the Pinout image in Pin Configuration and Functions	3
• Changed the "Handling Ratings" table to the ESD Ratings table	4
• Changed $R_{\theta JB}$ for TPS562209 From: 57.3 To: 13.4 in Thermal Information	4
• The Adaptive On-Time Control and PWM Operation , changed text From: "proportional to the converter input voltage, V_{IN} , and inversely proportional to the output voltage, V_O " To: "inversely proportional to the converter input voltage, V_{IN} , and proportional to the output voltage, V_O "	11

5 Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

PIN		DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.	
GND	1	Ground pin Source terminal of low-side power NFET as well as the ground terminal for controller circuit. Connect sensitive VFB to this GND at a single point.
SW	2	Switch node connection between high-side NFET and low-side NFET.
VIN	3	Input voltage supply pin. The drain terminal of high-side power NFET.
VFB	4	Converter feedback input. Connect to output voltage with feedback resistor divider.
EN	5	Enable input control. Active high and must be pulled up to enable the device.
VBST	6	Supply input for the high-side NFET gate drive circuit. Connect 0.1 μ F capacitor between VBST and SW pins.

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

 $T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 150°C (unless otherwise noted) ⁽¹⁾

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Input voltage range	VIN, EN	–0.3	19	V
	VBST	–0.3	25	V
	VBST (10 ns transient)	–0.3	27.5	V
	VBST (vs SW)	–0.3	6.5	V
	VFB,	–0.3	6.5	V
	SW	–2	19	V
	SW (10 ns transient)	–3.5	21	V
Operating junction temperature, T_J		–40	150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage temperature, T_{stg}		–55	150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
$V_{\text{(ESD)}}$	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins ⁽¹⁾		2	kV
		Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101, all pins ⁽²⁾		500	V

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

 $T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 150°C (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{IN}	Supply input voltage range		4.5	17	V
V_I	Input voltage range	VBST	–0.1	23	V
		VBST (10 ns transient)	–0.1	26	
		VBST(vs SW)	–0.1	6.0	
		EN	–0.1	17	
		VFB	–0.1	5.5	
		SW	–1.8	17	
		SW (10 ns transient)	–3.5	20	
T_A	Operating free-air temperature		–40	85	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

6.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		TPS562209	TPS563209	UNIT
		DDC (6 PINS)		
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	109.2	87.9	°C/W
R _{θJC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	44.5	42.2	
R _{θJB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	13.4	13.6	
Ψ _{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	2.3	1.9	
Ψ _{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	60.4	13.3	

- (1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, [SPRA953](#).

6.5 Electrical Characteristics

$T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 150°C , $V_{IN} = 12\text{V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
SUPPLY CURRENT						
I _{VIN}	Operating – non-switching supply current	V _{IN} current, T _A = 25°C, EN = 5V, V _{FB} = 0.8 V	650	900		μA
						μA
I _{VINSDN}	Shutdown supply current	V _{IN} current, T _A = 25°C, EN = 0 V	3.0	10		μA
LOGIC THRESHOLD						
V _{ENH}	EN high-level input voltage	EN	1.6			V
V _{ENL}	EN low-level input voltage	EN		0.6		V
R _{EN}	EN pin resistance to GND	V _{EN} = 12 V	225	450	900	kΩ
V _{FB} VOLTAGE AND DISCHARGE RESISTANCE						
V _{FBTH}	V _{FB} threshold voltage	T _A = 25°C, V _O = 1.05 V, continuous mode operation	758	765	772	mV
I _{VFB}	V _{FB} input current	V _{FB} = 0.8V, T _A = 25°C	0	±0.1		mA
MOSFET						
R _{DS(on)h}	High side switch resistance	T _A = 25°C, V _{BST} – SW = 5.5 V (TPS562209)	122			mΩ
		T _A = 25°C, V _{BST} – SW = 5.5 V (TPS563209)	68			
R _{DS(on)l}	Low side switch resistance	T _A = 25°C (TPS562209)	72			mΩ
		T _A = 25°C (TPS563209)	39			
CURRENT LIMIT						
I _{ocl}	Current limit ⁽¹⁾	DC current, V _{OUT} = 1.05V , L1 = 2.2 μH	2.5	3.2	4.3	A
		DC current, V _{OUT} = 1.05V , L1 = 1.5 μH	3.5	4.2	5.3	
THERMAL SHUTDOWN						
T _{SDN}	Thermal shutdown threshold ⁽¹⁾	Shutdown temperature	155			°C
		Hysteresis	35			
ON-TIME TIMER CONTROL						
t _{ON}	On time	V _{IN} = 12 V, V _O = 1.05 V	150			ns
t _{OFF(MIN)}	Minimum off time	T _A = 25°C, V _{FB} = 0.5 V	260	310		ns
SOFT START						
T _{ss}	Soft –start time	Internal soft-start time, T _A = 25°C	0.7	1.0	1.3	ms
OUTPUT UNDERVOLTAGE AND OVERVOLTAGE PROTECTION						
V _{OVP}	Output OVP threshold	OVP Detect	125% V _{fbth}			
V _{UVP}	Output UVP threshold	Hiccup detect	65% V _{f bth}			
T _{HiccupOn}	Hiccup Power On Time	Relative to soft start time	1			ms
T _{HiccupOff}	Hiccup Power Off Time	Relative to soft start time	7			ms
UVLO						
UVLO	UVLO threshold	Wake up V _{IN} voltage	3.45	3.75	4.05	V
		Hysteresis V _{IN} voltage	0.13	0.32	0.55	

(1) Not production tested.

6.6 Typical Characteristics TPS562209

$V_{IN} = 12V$ (unless otherwise noted)

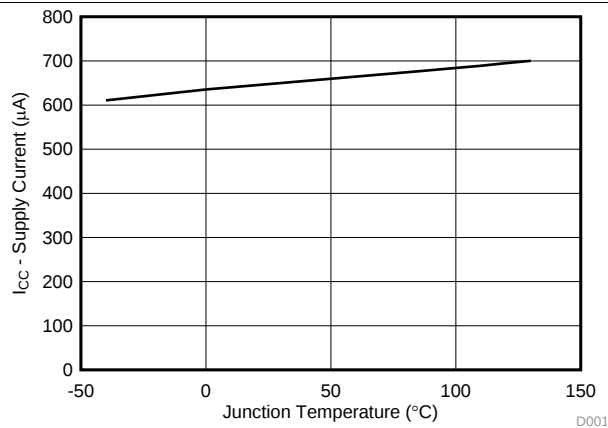


Figure 1. Supply Current vs Junction Temperature

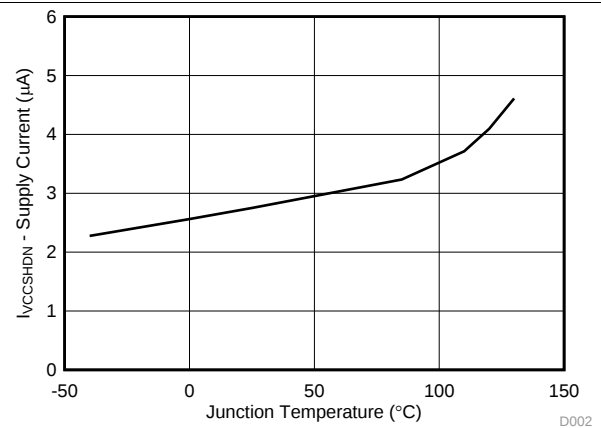


Figure 2. VIN Shutdown Current vs Junction Temperature

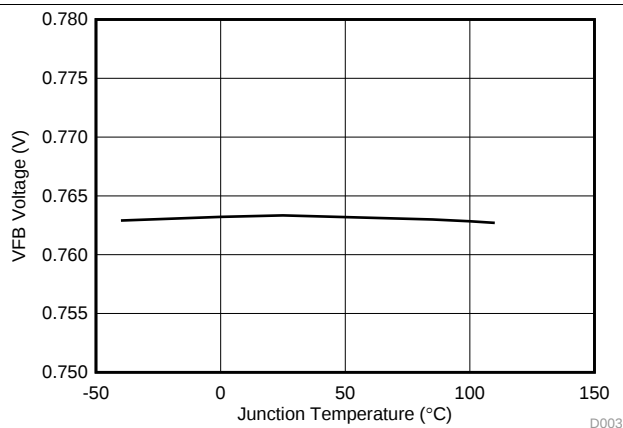


Figure 3. VFB Voltage vs Junction Temperature

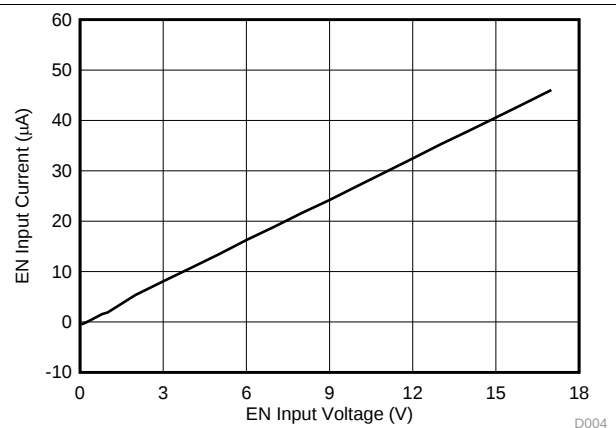


Figure 4. EN Current vs EN Voltage

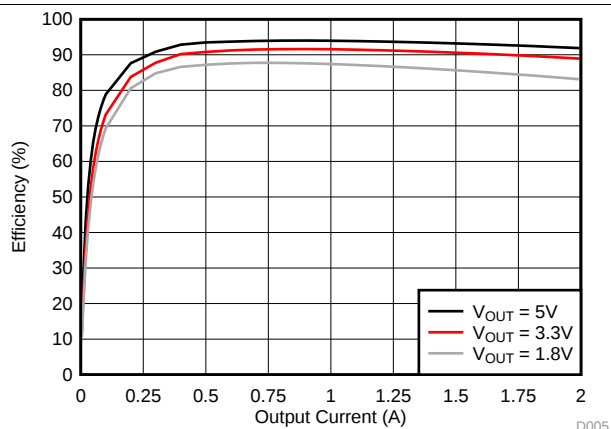


Figure 5. Efficiency vs Output Current

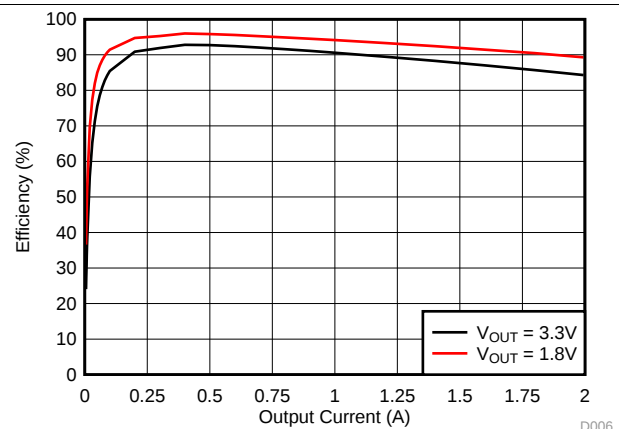


Figure 6. Efficiency vs Output current ($V_I = 5V$)

Typical Characteristics TPS562209 (continued)

$V_{IN} = 12V$ (unless otherwise noted)

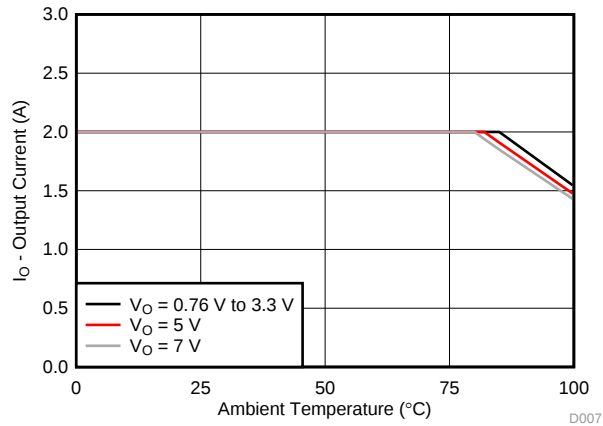


Figure 7. Output Current vs Ambient Temperature

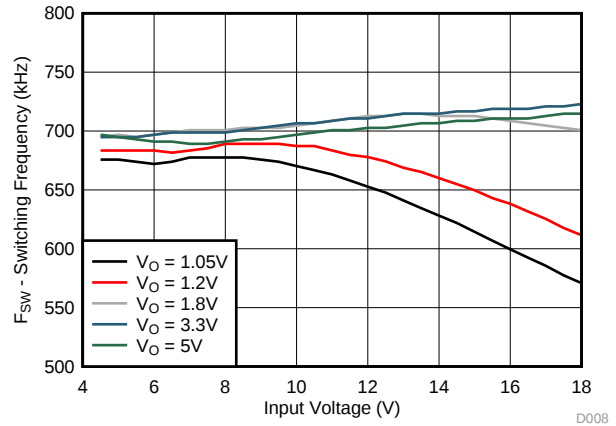


Figure 8. Switching Frequency vs Input Voltage

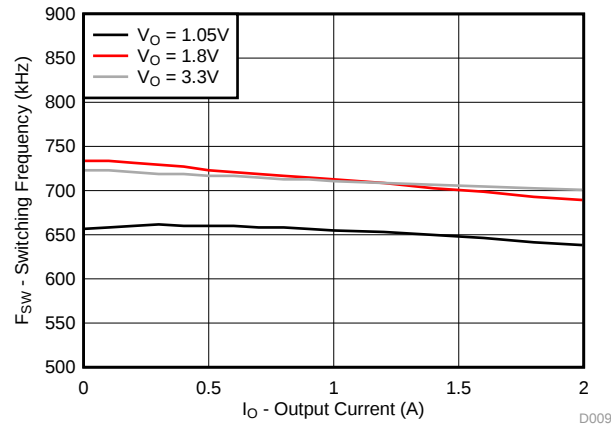


Figure 9. Switching Frequency vs Output Current

6.7 Typical Characteristics TPS563209

$V_{IN} = 12V$ (unless otherwise noted)

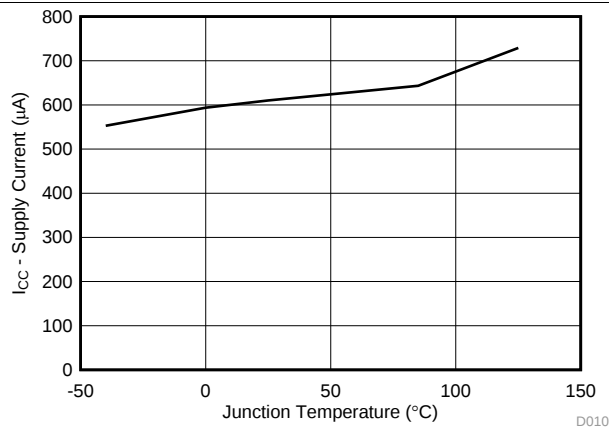


Figure 10. Supply Current vs Junction Temperature

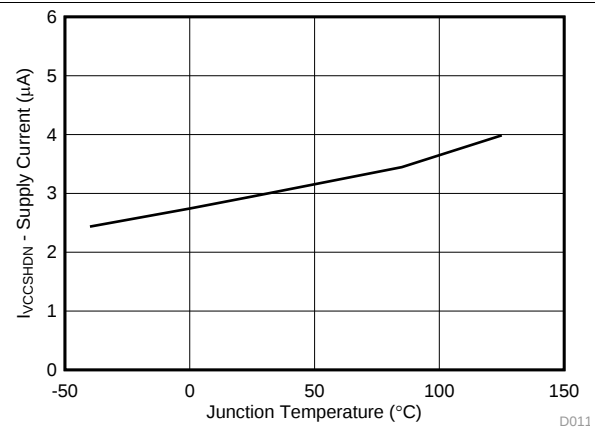


Figure 11. VIN Shutdown Current vs Junction Temperature

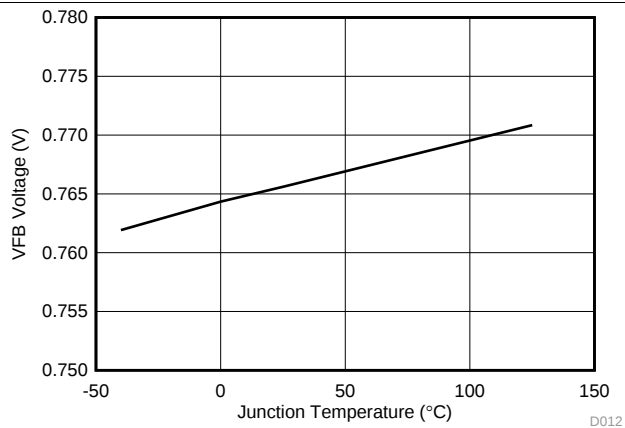


Figure 12. VFB Voltage vs Junction Temperature

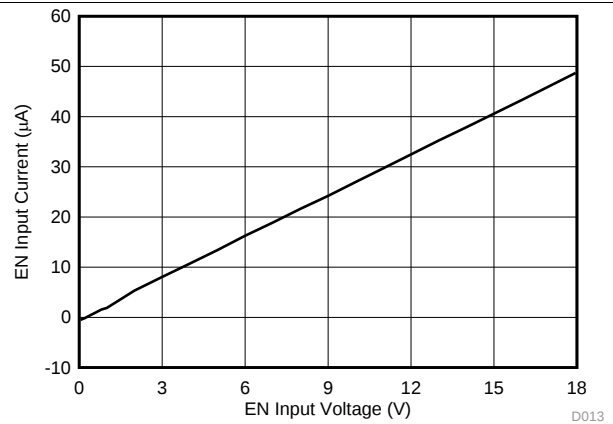


Figure 13. EN Current vs EN Voltage

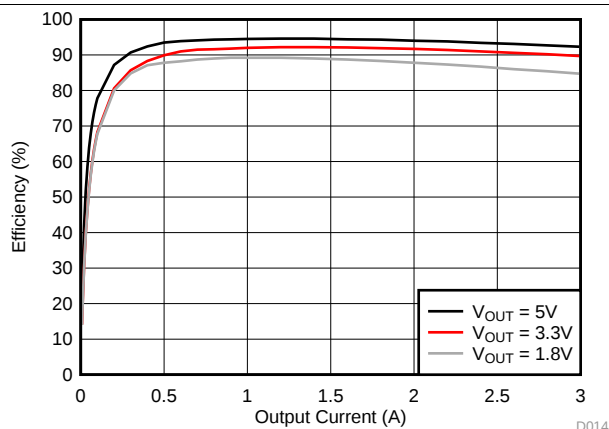


Figure 14. Efficiency vs Output Current

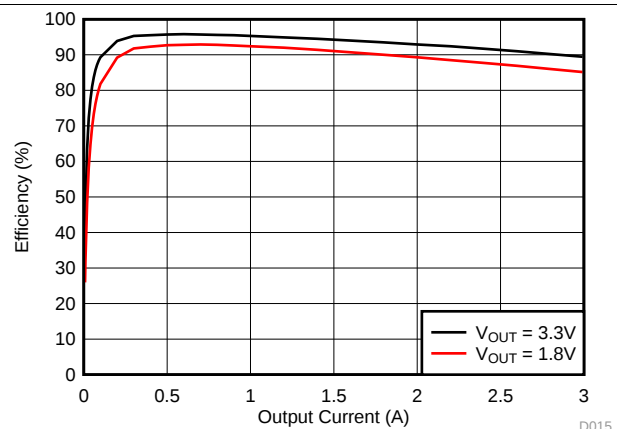


Figure 15. Efficiency vs Output current ($V_I = 5V$)

Typical Characteristics TPS563209 (continued)

$V_{IN} = 12V$ (unless otherwise noted)

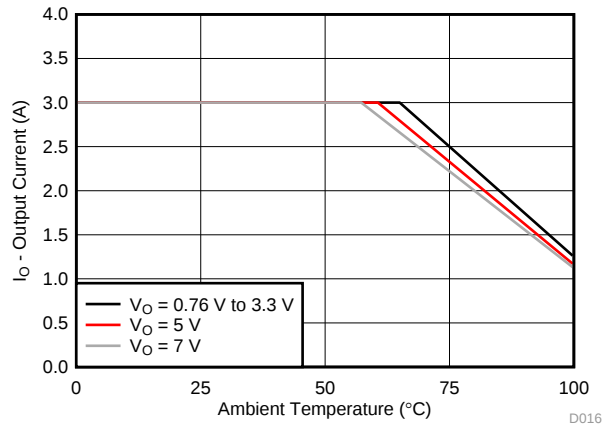


Figure 16. Output Current vs Ambient Temperature

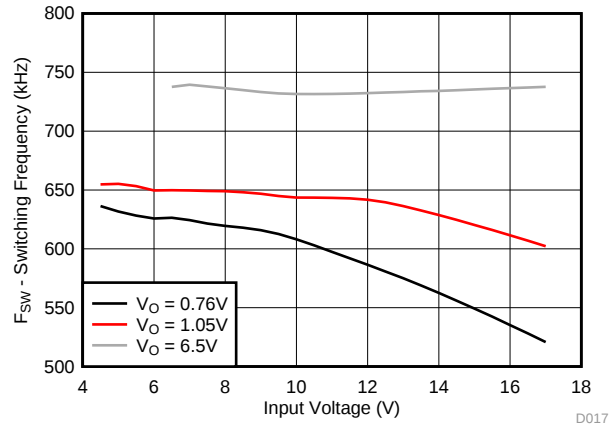


Figure 17. Switching Frequency vs Input Voltage

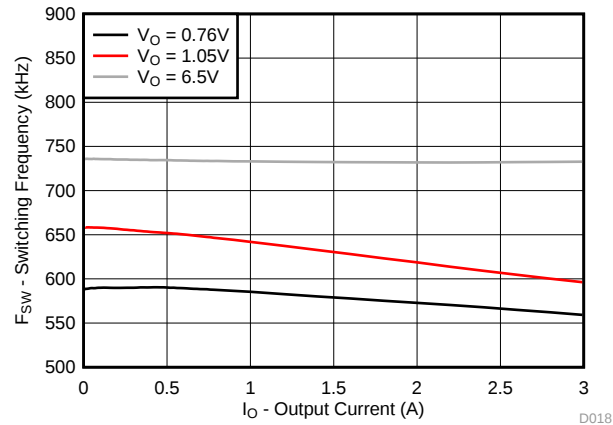


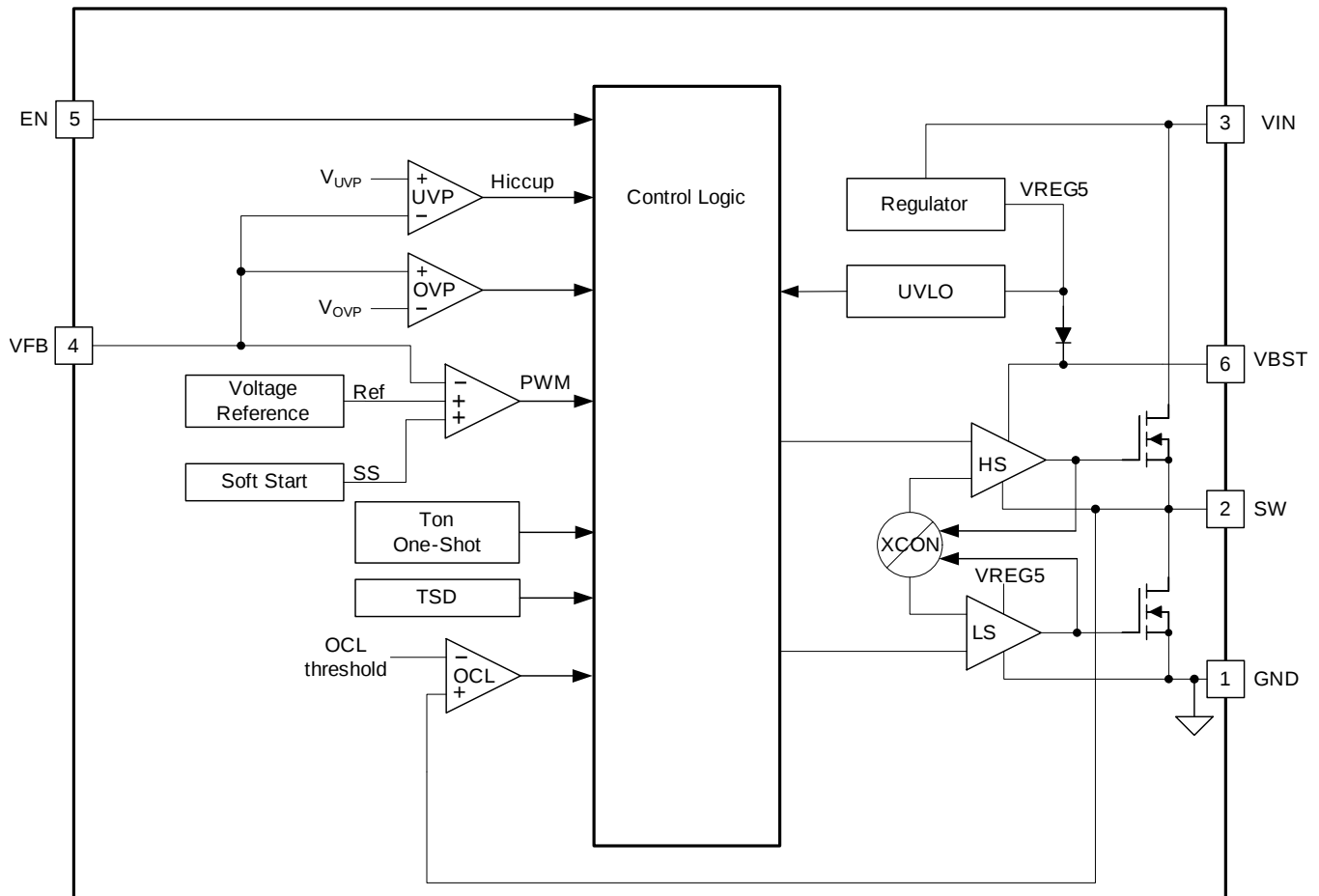
Figure 18. Switching Frequency vs Output Current

7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

The TPS562209 and TPS563209 are 2-A and 3-A synchronous step-down converters, respectively. The proprietary D-CAP2™ mode control supports low ESR output capacitors such as specialty polymer capacitors and multi-layer ceramic capacitors without complex external compensation circuits. The fast transient response of D-CAP2™ mode control can reduce the output capacitance required to meet a specific level of performance.

7.2 Functional Block Diagram



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Figure 19. TPS56x209

7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 The Adaptive On-Time Control and PWM Operation

The main control loop of the TPS56x209 are adaptive on-time pulse width modulation (PWM) controller that supports a proprietary D-CAP2™ mode control. The D-CAP2™ mode control combines adaptive on-time control with an internal compensation circuit for pseudo-fixed frequency and low external component count configuration with both low ESR and ceramic output capacitors. It is stable even with virtually no ripple at the output.

At the beginning of each cycle, the high-side MOSFET is turned on. This MOSFET is turned off after internal one shot timer expires. This one shot duration is set inversely proportional to the converter input voltage, V_{IN} , and proportional to the output voltage, V_O , to maintain a pseudo-fixed frequency over the input voltage range, hence it is called adaptive on-time control. The one-shot timer is reset and the high-side MOSFET is turned on again when the feedback voltage falls below the reference voltage. An internal ramp is added to reference voltage to simulate output ripple, eliminating the need for ESR induced output ripple from D-CAP2™ mode control.

7.3.2 Soft Start and Pre-Biased Soft Start

The TPS562209 and TPS563209 have an internal 1.0ms soft-start. When the EN pin becomes high, the internal soft-start function begins ramping up the reference voltage to the PWM comparator.

If the output capacitor is pre-biased at startup, the devices initiate switching and start ramping up only after the internal reference voltage becomes greater than the feedback voltage V_{FB} . This scheme ensures that the converters ramp up smoothly into regulation point.

7.3.3 Current Protection

The output over-current limit (OCL) is implemented using a cycle-by-cycle valley detect control circuit. The switch current is monitored during the OFF state by measuring the low-side FET drain to source voltage. This voltage is proportional to the switch current. To improve accuracy, the voltage sensing is temperature compensated. During the on time of the high-side FET switch, the switch current increases at a linear rate determined by V_{in} , V_{out} , the on-time and the output inductor value.

During the on time of the low-side FET switch, this current decreases linearly. The average value of the switch current is the load current I_{out} . If the monitored current is above the OCL level, the converter maintains low-side FET on and delays the creation of a new set pulse, even the voltage feedback loop requires one, until the current level becomes OCL level or lower. In subsequent switching cycles, the on-time is set to a fixed value and the current is monitored in the same manner. If the over current condition exists consecutive switching cycles, the internal OCL threshold is set to a lower level, reducing the available output current. When a switching cycle occurs where the switch current is not above the lower OCL threshold, the counter is reset and the OCL threshold is returned to the higher value.

There are some important considerations for this type of over-current protection. The load current is higher than the over-current threshold by one half of the peak-to-peak inductor ripple current. Also, when the current is being limited, the output voltage tends to fall as the demanded load current may be higher than the current available from the converter. This may cause the output voltage to fall. When the V_{FB} voltage falls below the UVP threshold voltage, the UVP comparator detects it. And then, the device will shut down after the UVP delay time (typically 14μs) and re-start after the hiccup time (typically 12ms).

When the over current condition is removed, the output voltage returns to the regulated value.

7.3.4 Over Voltage Protection

TPS562209 and TPS563209 detect over voltage condition by monitoring the feedback voltage (V_{FB}). When the feedback voltage becomes higher than 125% of the target voltage, the OVP comparator output goes high and both the high-side MOSFET and the low-side MOSFET turn off. This function is non-latch operation.

7.3.5 UVLO Protection

Under voltage lock out protection (UVLO) monitors the device input voltage. When the voltage is lower than UVLO threshold voltage, the device is shut off. This protection is non-latching.

Feature Description (continued)

7.3.6 Thermal Shutdown

The device monitors the temperature of itself. If the temperature exceeds the threshold value (typically 155°C), the device is shut off. This is a non-latch protection.

7.4 Device Functional Modes

7.4.1 Normal Operation

When the input voltage is above the UVLO threshold and the EN voltage is above the enable threshold, the TPS562209 and TPS563209 can operate in their normal switching modes. Normal continuous conduction mode (CCM) occurs when the minimum switch current is above 0 A. In CCM, the TPS562209 and TPS563209 operate at a quasi-fixed frequency of 650 kHz.

7.4.2 Forced CCM Operation

When the TPS562209 and TPS563209 are in the normal CCM operating mode and the switch current falls below 0 A, the TPS562209 and TPS563209 begin operating in forced CCM.

7.4.3 Standby Operation

When the TPS562209 and TPS563209 are operating in either normal CCM or forced CCM, they may be placed in standby by asserting the EN pin low.

8 Application and Implementation

NOTE

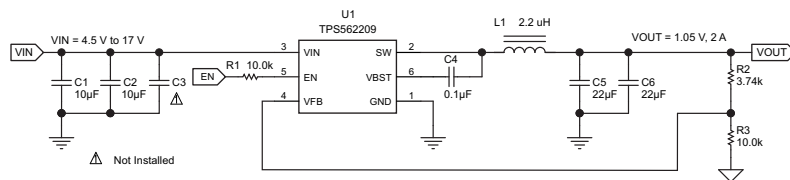
Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

The TPS562209 and TPS563209 are typically used as step down converters, which convert a voltage from 4.5V - 17V to a lower voltage. Webench software is available to aid in the design and analysis of circuits

8.2 Typical Applications

8.2.1 TPS562209 4.5-V to 17-V Input, 1.05-V Output Converter



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Figure 20. TPS562209 1.05V/2A Reference Design

8.2.1.1 Design Requirements

To begin the design process, you must know a few application parameters:

Table 1. Design Parameters

PARAMETER	VALUE
Input voltage range	4.5 V to 17 V
Output voltage	1.05 V
Output current	2 A
Output voltage ripple	20 mVpp

8.2.1.2 Detailed Design Procedure

8.2.1.2.1 Output Voltage Resistors Selection

The output voltage is set with a resistor divider from the output node to the VFB pin. It is recommended to use 1% tolerance or better divider resistors. Start by using Equation 1 to calculate V_{OUT} .

To improve efficiency at very light loads consider using larger value resistors, too high of resistance will be more susceptible to noise and voltage errors from the VFB input current will be more noticeable.

$$V_{OUT} = 0.765 \times \left(1 + \frac{R2}{R3} \right) \quad (1)$$

8.2.1.2.2 Output Filter Selection

The LC filter used as the output filter has double pole at:

$$F_P = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{L_{OUT} \times C_{OUT}}} \quad (2)$$

At low frequencies, the overall loop gain is set by the output set-point resistor divider network and the internal gain of the device. The low frequency phase is 180 degrees. At the output filter pole frequency, the gain rolls off at a –40 dB per decade rate and the phase drops rapidly. D-CAP2™ introduces a high frequency zero that reduces the gain roll off to –20 dB per decade and increases the phase to 90 degrees one decade above the zero frequency. The inductor and capacitor for the output filter must be selected so that the double pole of Equation 2 is located below the high frequency zero but close enough that the phase boost provided by the high frequency zero provides adequate phase margin for a stable circuit. To meet this requirement use the values recommended in Table 2.

Table 2. Recommended Component Values

OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)	R2 (kΩ)	R3 (kΩ)	L1 (μH)			C5 + C6 (μF)
			MIN	TYP	MAX	
1	3.09	10.0	1.5	2.2	4.7	20 - 68
1.05	3.74	10.0	1.5	2.2	4.7	20 - 68
1.2	5.76	10.0	1.5	2.2	4.7	20 - 68
1.5	9.53	10.0	1.5	2.2	4.7	20 - 68
1.8	13.7	10.0	1.5	2.2	4.7	20 - 68
2.5	22.6	10.0	2.2	3.3	4.7	20 - 68
3.3	33.2	10.0	2.2	3.3	4.7	20 - 68
5	54.9	10.0	3.3	4.7	4.7	20 - 68
6.5	75	10.0	3.3	4.7	4.7	20 - 68

The inductor peak-to-peak ripple current, peak current and RMS current are calculated using Equation 3, Equation 4 and Equation 5. The inductor saturation current rating must be greater than the calculated peak current and the RMS or heating current rating must be greater than the calculated RMS current.

Use 650 kHz for f_{SW} . Make sure the chosen inductor is rated for the peak current of Equation 4 and the RMS current of Equation 5.

$$I_{P-P} = \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN(MAX)}} \times \frac{V_{IN(MAX)} - V_{OUT}}{L_O \times f_{SW}} \quad (3)$$

$$I_{PEAK} = I_O + \frac{I_{P-P}}{2} \quad (4)$$

$$I_{LO(RMS)} = \sqrt{I_O^2 + \frac{1}{12} I_{P-P}^2} \quad (5)$$

For this design example, the calculated peak current is 2.34 A and the calculated RMS current is 2.01 A. The inductor used is a TDK CLF7045T-2R2N with a peak current rating of 5.5-A and an RMS current rating of 4.3-A

The capacitor value and ESR determines the amount of output voltage ripple. The TPS562209 is intended for use with ceramic or other low ESR capacitors. Recommended values range from 20μF to 68μF. Use Equation 6 to determine the required RMS current rating for the output capacitor.

$$I_{CO(RMS)} = \frac{V_{OUT} \times (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})}{\sqrt{12} \times V_{IN} \times L_O \times f_{SW}} \quad (6)$$

For this design two TDK C3216X5R0J226M 22μF output capacitors are used. The typical ESR is 2 mΩ each. The calculated RMS current is 0.199A and each output capacitor is rated for 4A.

8.2.1.2.3 Input Capacitor Selection

The TPS562209 and TPS563209 require an input decoupling capacitor and a bulk capacitor is needed depending on the application. A ceramic capacitor over 10 μF is recommended for the decoupling capacitor. An additional 0.1 μF capacitor (C3) from pin 3 to ground is optional to provide additional high frequency filtering. The capacitor voltage rating needs to be greater than the maximum input voltage.

8.2.1.2.4 Bootstrap Capacitor Selection

A 0.1 μ F ceramic capacitor must be connected between the VBST to SW pin for proper operation. It is recommended to use a ceramic capacitor.

8.2.1.3 Application Curves

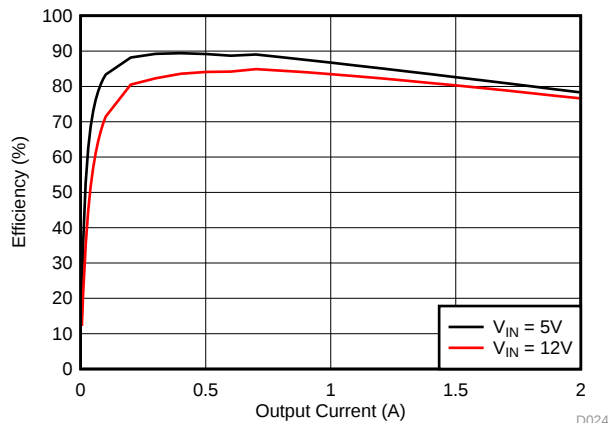


Figure 21. TPS562209 Efficiency

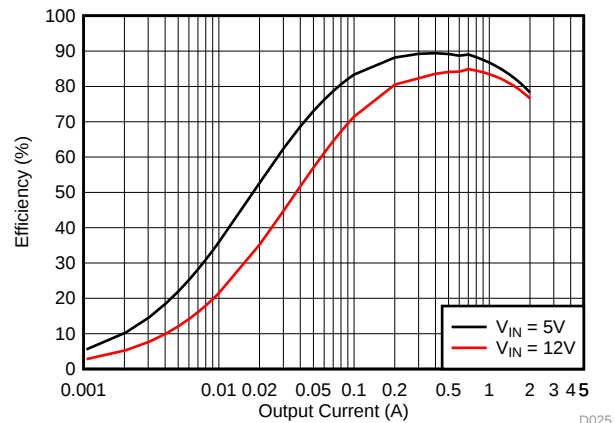


Figure 22. TPS562209 Light Load Efficiency

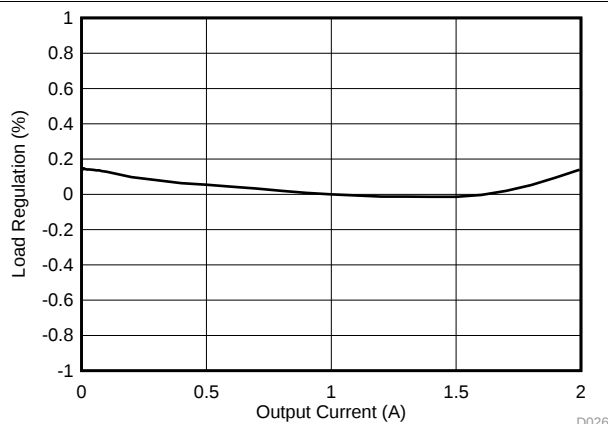


Figure 23. TPS562209 Load Regulation, $V_I = 5\text{ V}$

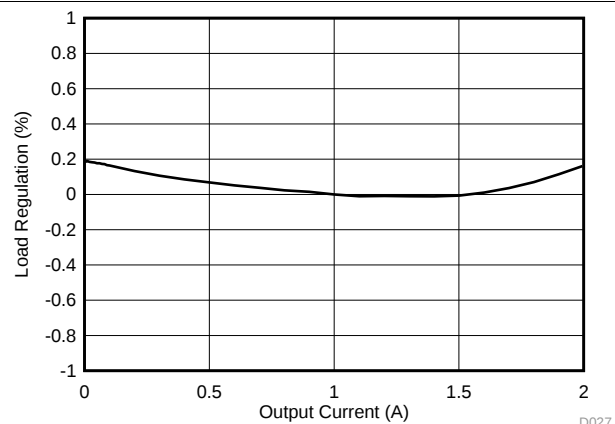


Figure 24. TPS562209 Load Regulation, $V_I = 12\text{ V}$

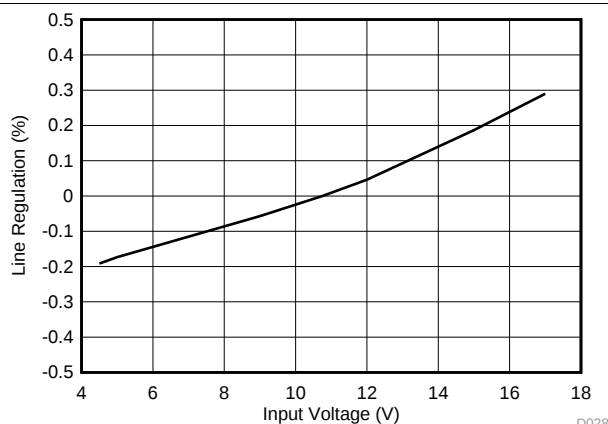


Figure 25. TPS562209 Line Regulation

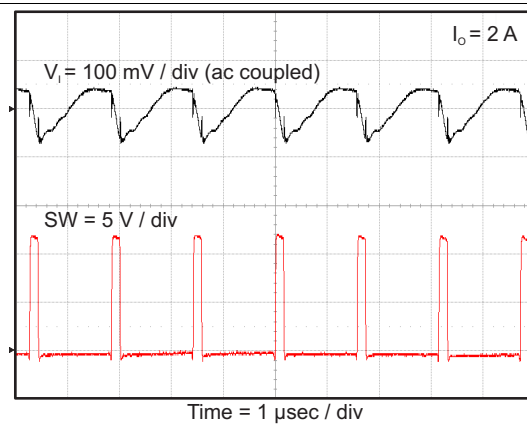


Figure 26. TPS562209 Input Voltage Ripple

TPS562209, TPS563209

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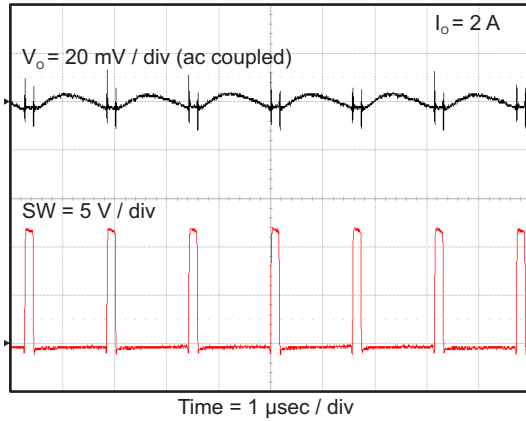


Figure 27. TPS562209 Output Voltage Ripple

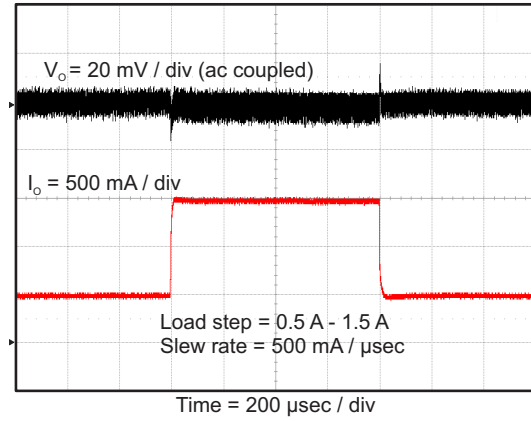


Figure 28. TPS562209 Transient Response

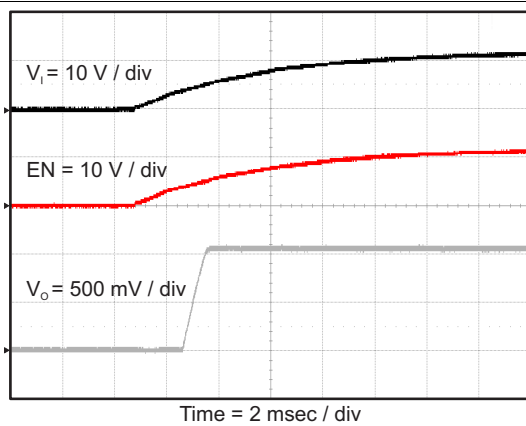


Figure 29. TPS562209 Start Up Relative to V_I

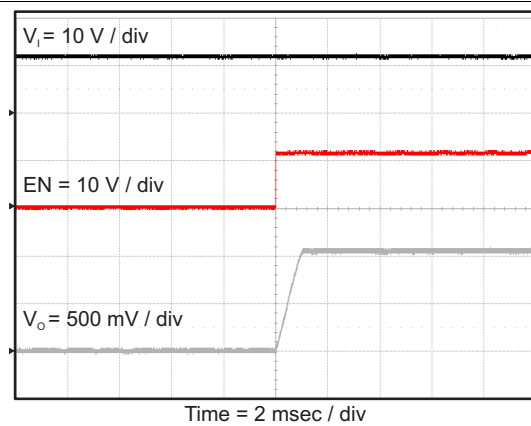


Figure 30. TPS562209 Start Up Relative to EN

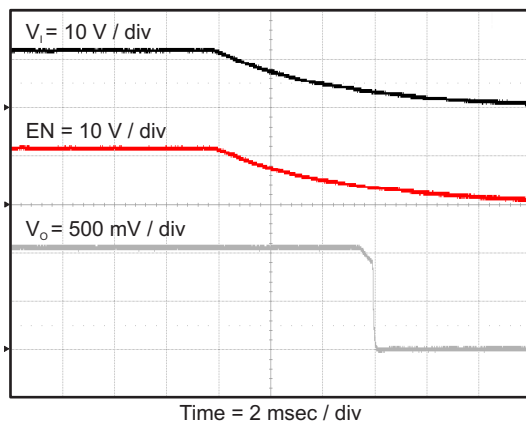


Figure 31. TPS562209 Shut Down Relative to V_I

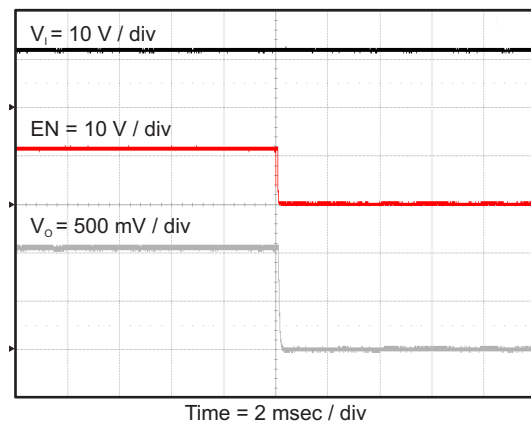
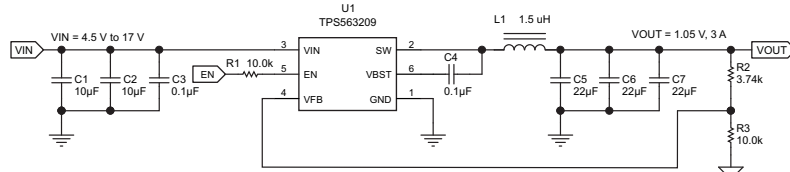


Figure 32. TPS562209 Shut Down Relative to EN

8.2.2 TPS563209 4.5-V to 17-V Input, 1.05-V Output Converter



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Figure 33. TPS563209 1.05V/3A Reference Design

8.2.2.1 Design Requirements

To begin the design process, the user must know a few application parameters:

Table 3. Design Parameters

PARAMETER	VALUE
Input voltage range	4.5 V to 17 V
Output voltage	1.05 V
Output current	3 A
Output voltage ripple	20 mVpp

8.2.2.2 Detailed Design Procedures

The detailed design procedure for TPS563209 is the same as for TPS562209 except for inductor selection.

8.2.2.2.1 Output Filter Selection

Table 4. Recommended Component Values

OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)	R2 (kΩ)	R3 (kΩ)	L1 (μH)			C5 +C6 + C7 (μF)
			MIN	TYP	MAX	
1	3.09	10.0	1.0	1.5	4.7	20 - 68
1.05	3.74	10.0	1.0	1.5	4.7	20 - 68
1.2	5.76	10.0	1.0	1.5	4.7	20 - 68
1.5	9.53	10.0	1.0	1.5	4.7	20 - 68
1.8	13.7	10.0	1.5	2.2	4.7	20 - 68
2.5	22.6	10.0	1.5	2.2	4.7	20 - 68
3.3	33.2	10.0	1.5	2.2	4.7	20 - 68
5	54.9	10.0	2.2	3.3	4.7	20 - 68
6.5	75	10.0	2.2	3.3	4.7	20 - 68

The inductor peak-to-peak ripple current, peak current and RMS current are calculated using [Equation 7](#), [Equation 8](#) and [Equation 9](#). The inductor saturation current rating must be greater than the calculated peak current and the RMS or heating current rating must be greater than the calculated RMS current. Use 650 kHz for f_{SW} .

Use 650 kHz for f_{SW} . Make sure the chosen inductor is rated for the peak current of [Equation 8](#) and the RMS current of [Equation 9](#).

$$I_{P-P} = \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN(MAX)}} \times \frac{V_{IN(MAX)} - V_{OUT}}{L_O \times f_{SW}} \quad (7)$$

$$I_{PEAK} = I_O + \frac{I_{P-P}}{2} \quad (8)$$

$$I_{LO(RMS)} = \sqrt{I_O^2 + \frac{1}{12} I_{P-P}^2} \quad (9)$$

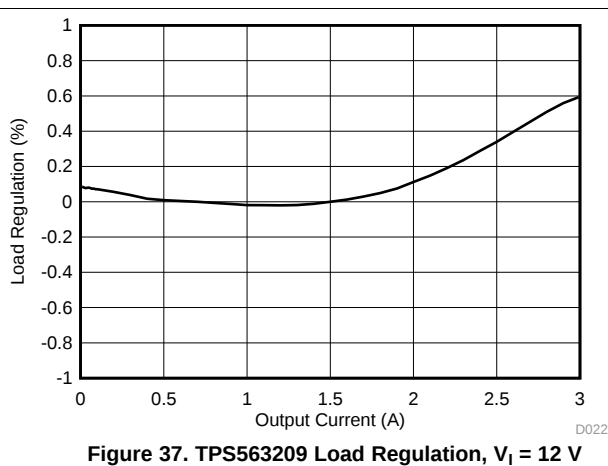
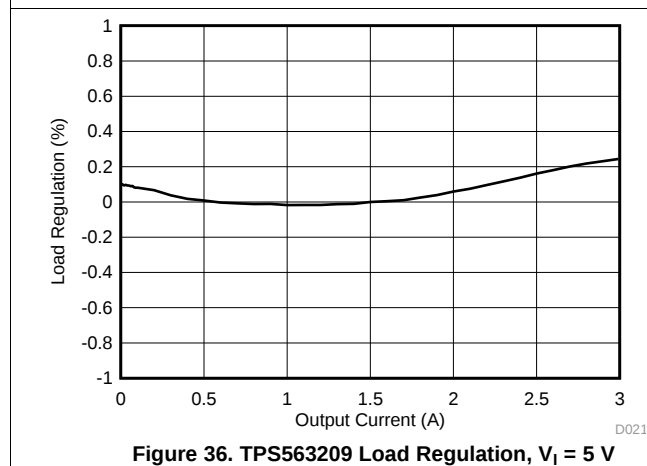
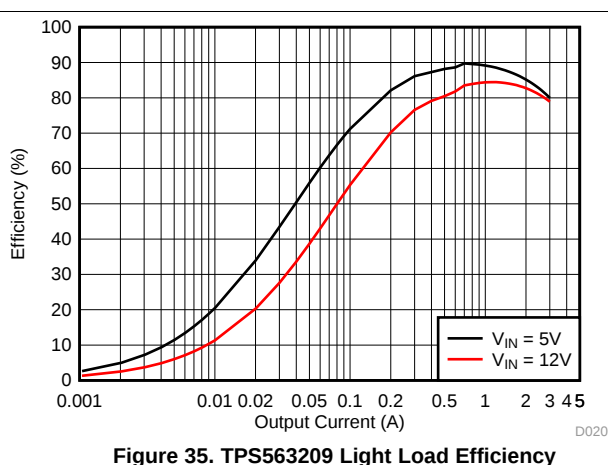
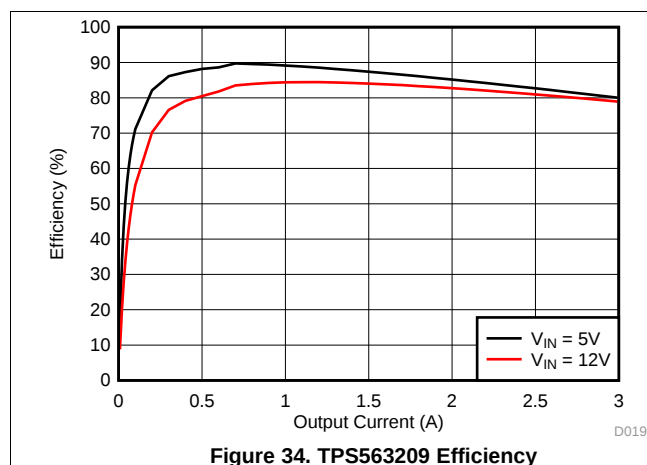
For this design example, the calculated peak current is 3.505 A and the calculated RMS current is 3.014 A. The inductor used is a TDK CLF7045T-1R5N with a peak current rating of 7.3-A and an RMS current rating of 4.9-A

The capacitor value and ESR determines the amount of output voltage ripple. The TPS563209 is intended for use with ceramic or other low ESR capacitors. Recommended values range from 20μF to 68μF. Use Equation 6 to determine the required RMS current rating for the output capacitor.

$$I_{CO(RMS)} = \frac{V_{OUT} \times (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})}{\sqrt{12} \times V_{IN} \times L_O \times f_{SW}} \quad (10)$$

For this design three TDK C3216X5R0J226M 22μF output capacitors are used. The typical ESR is 2 mΩ each. The calculated RMS current is 0.292A and each output capacitor is rated for 4A.

8.2.2.3 Application Curves



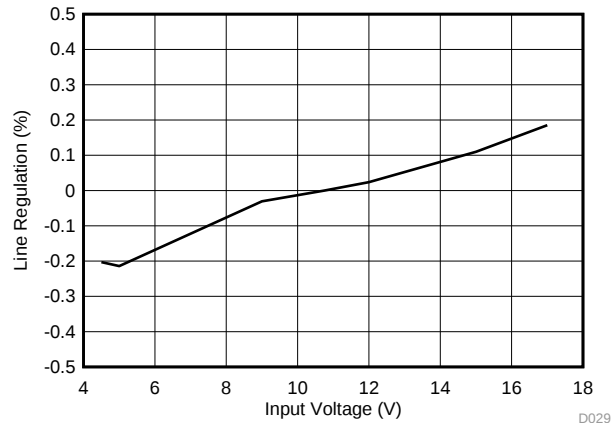


Figure 38. TPS563209 Line Regulation

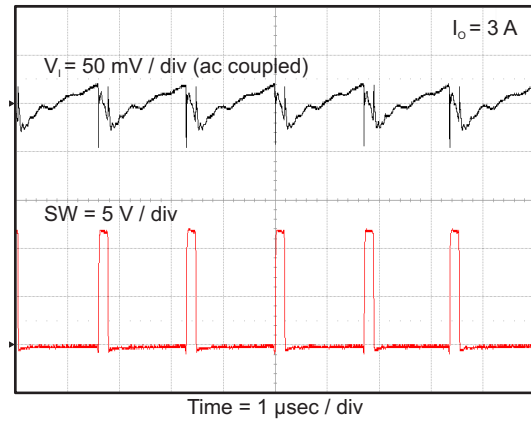


Figure 39. TPS563209 Input Voltage Ripple

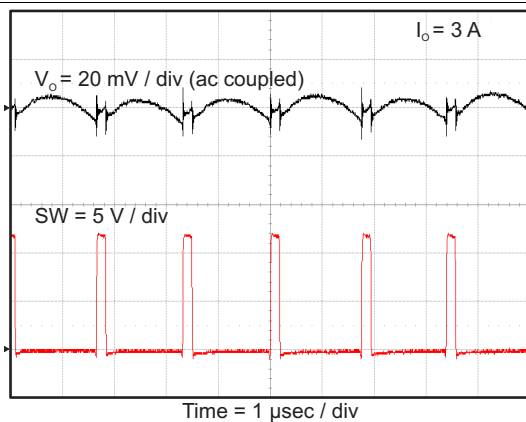


Figure 40. TPS563209 Output Voltage Ripple

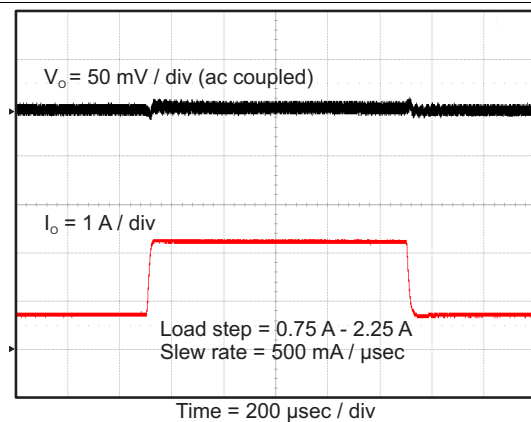


Figure 41. TPS563209 Transient Response

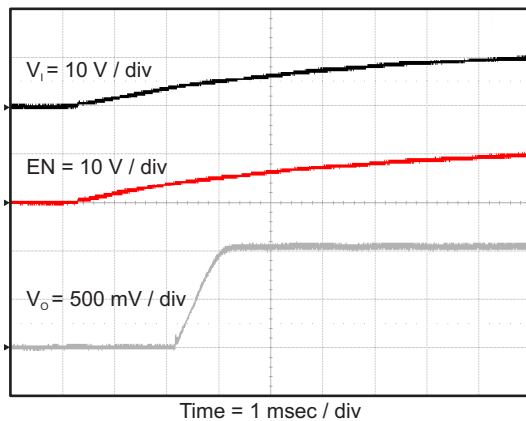


Figure 42. TPS563209 Start Up Relative to V_I

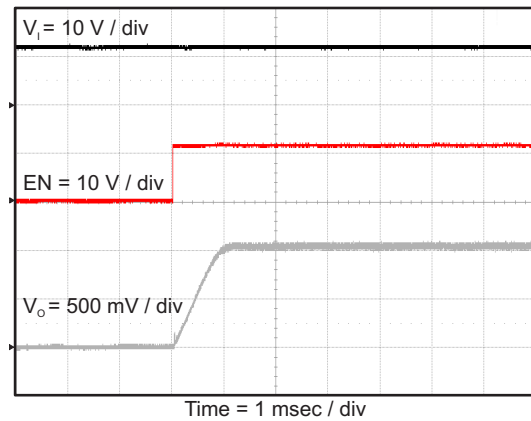
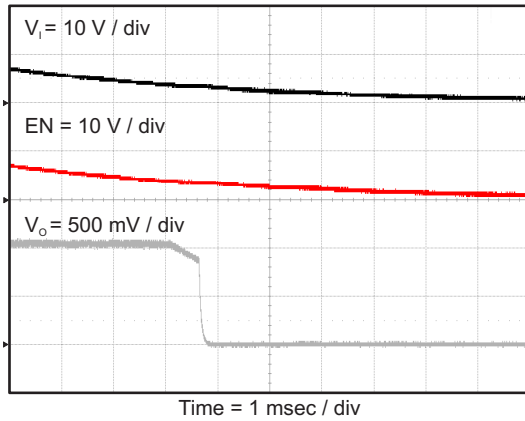
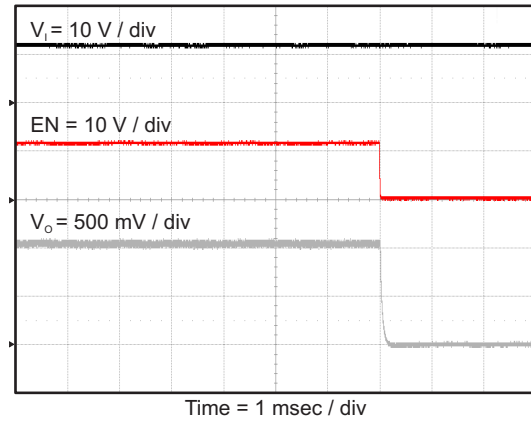


Figure 43. TPS563209 Start Up Relative to EN


Figure 44. TPS563209 Shut Down Relative to V_I

Figure 45. TPS563209 Shut Down Relative to EN

9 Power Supply Recommendations

The TPS562209 and TPS563209 are designed to operate from input supply voltage in the range of 4.5V to 17V. Buck converters require the input voltage to be higher than the output voltage for proper operation. The maximum recommended operating duty cycle is 65%. Using that criteria, the minimum recommended input voltage is $V_O / 0.65$.

10 Layout

10.1 Layout Guidelines

1. VIN and GND traces should be as wide as possible to reduce trace impedance. The wide areas are also of advantage from the view point of heat dissipation.
2. The input capacitor and output capacitor should be placed as close to the device as possible to minimize trace impedance.
3. Provide sufficient vias for the input capacitor and output capacitor.
4. Keep the SW trace as physically short and wide as practical to minimize radiated emissions.
5. Do not allow switching current to flow under the device.
6. A separate VOUT path should be connected to the upper feedback resistor.
7. Make a Kelvin connection to the GND pin for the feedback path.
8. Voltage feedback loop should be placed away from the high-voltage switching trace, and preferably has ground shield.
9. The trace of the VFB node should be as small as possible to avoid noise coupling.
10. The GND trace between the output capacitor and the GND pin should be as wide as possible to minimize its trace impedance.

10.2 Layout Example

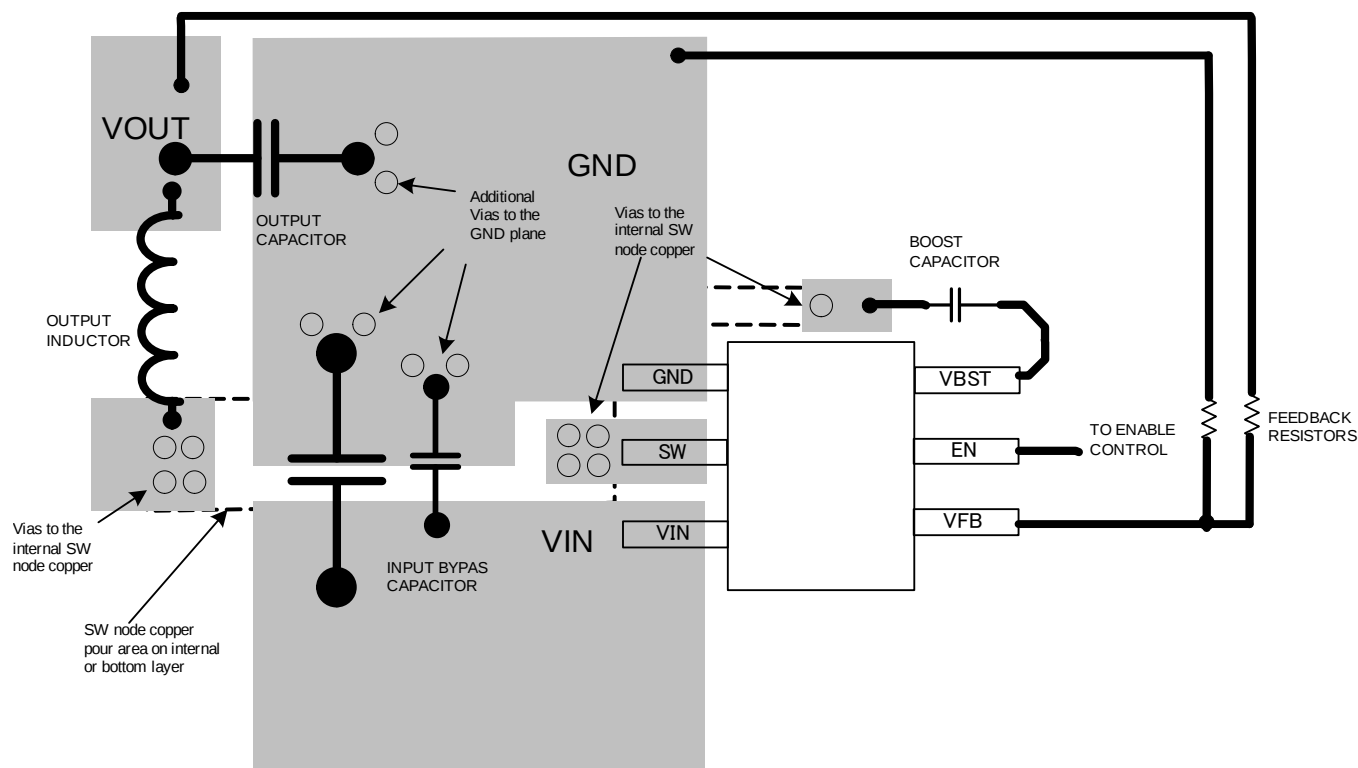


Figure 46. TPS562209 and TPS563209 Layout

11 Device and Documentation Support

11.1 Related Links

The table below lists quick access links. Categories include technical documents, support and community resources, tools and software, and quick access to sample or buy.

Table 5. Related Links

PARTS	PRODUCT FOLDER	SAMPLE & BUY	TECHNICAL DOCUMENTS	TOOLS & SOFTWARE	SUPPORT & COMMUNITY
TPS563209	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
TPS562209	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here

11.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

11.3 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's [Terms of Use](#).

TI E2E™ Online Community *TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community*. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

11.4 Trademarks

D-CAP2, E2E are trademarks of Texas Instruments.
Blu-ray Disc is a trademark of Blu-ray Disc Association.

11.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

11.6 Glossary

[SLYZ022](#) — *TI Glossary*.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
TPS562209DDCR	Active	Production	SOT-23-THIN (DDC) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	Call TI Sn	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	209
TPS562209DDCT	Active	Production	SOT-23-THIN (DDC) 6	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	Call TI Sn	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	209
TPS563209DDCR	Active	Production	SOT-23-THIN (DDC) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	309
TPS563209DDCT	Active	Production	SOT-23-THIN (DDC) 6	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	309

⁽¹⁾ **Status:** For more details on status, see our [product life cycle](#).

⁽²⁾ **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the [TI RoHS Statement](#) for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

⁽⁶⁾ **Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "-" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS562209DDCR	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	6	3000	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS562209DDCT	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	6	250	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS563209DDCR	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	6	3000	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS563209DDCT	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	6	250	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS562209DDCR	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	6	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS562209DDCT	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	6	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS563209DDCR	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	6	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS563209DDCT	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	6	250	210.0	185.0	35.0

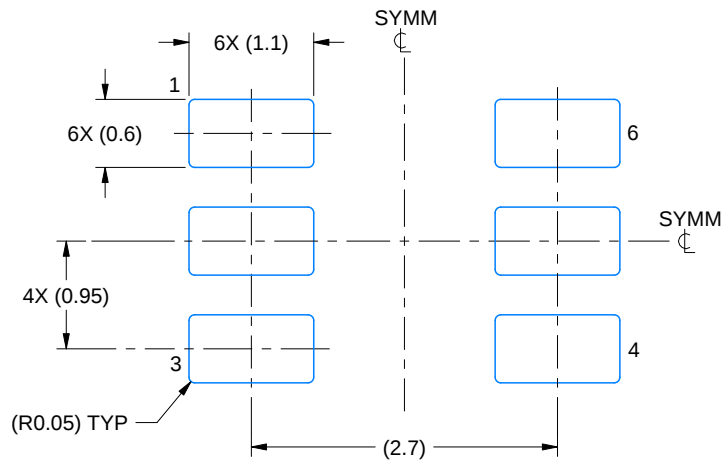


SOT-23 - 1.1 max height

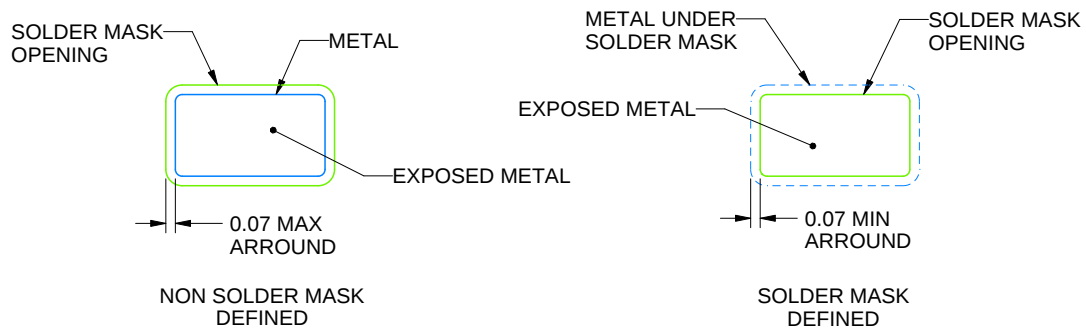
SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. Reference JEDEC MO-193.



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPLODED METAL SHOWN
SCALE:15X

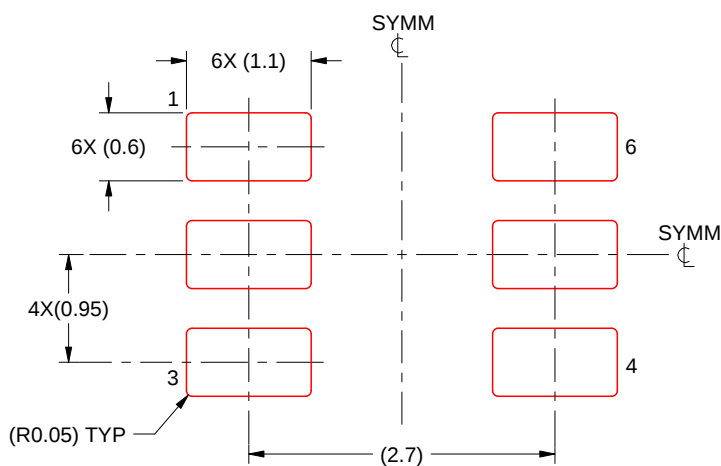


SOLDERMASK DETAILS

4214841/E 08/2024

NOTES: (continued)

4. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
5. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
 BASED ON 0.125 THICK STENCIL
 SCALE:15X

4214841/E 08/2024

NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
7. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

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