Functional Safety Information TLV6700 Functional Safety FIT Rate, FMD and Pin FMA

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

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1 Overview

This document contains information for TLV6700 (DVB package) to aid in a functional safety system design. Information provided are:

- Functional Safety Failure In Time (FIT) rates of the semiconductor component estimated by the application of industry reliability standards
- · Component failure modes and their distribution (FMD) based on the primary function of the device
- Pin failure mode analysis (Pin FMA)

Figure 1-1 shows the device functional block diagram for reference.

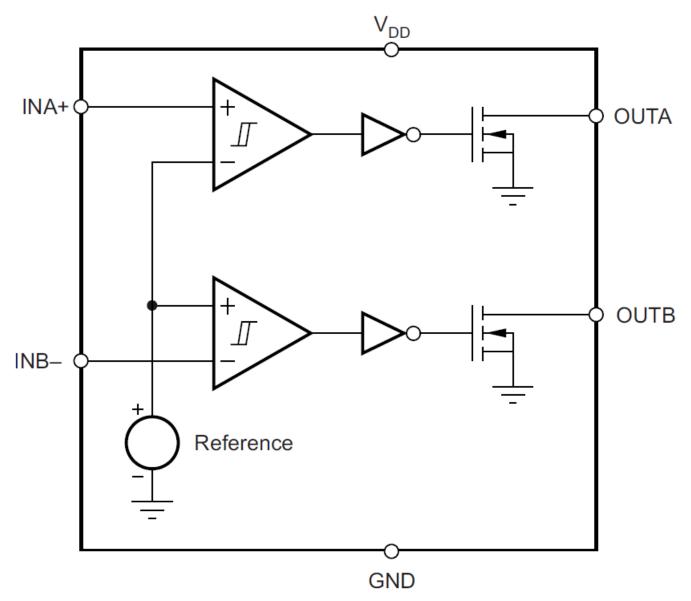


Figure 1-1. Functional Block Diagram

TLV6700 was developed using a quality-managed development process, but was not developed in accordance with the IEC 61508 or ISO 26262 standards.

2 Functional Safety Failure In Time (FIT) Rates

This section provides Functional Safety Failure In Time (FIT) rates for TLV6700 based on two different industrywide used reliability standards:

- Table 2-1 provides FIT rates based on IEC TR 62380 / ISO 26262 part 11
- Table 2-2 provides FIT rates based on the Siemens Norm SN 29500-2

Table 2-1. Component Failure Rates per IEC TR 62380 / ISO 26262 Part 11

FIT IEC TR 62380 / ISO 26262	FIT (Failures Per 10 ⁹ Hours)	
Package	DDC	DSE
Total Component FIT Rate	5	5
Die FIT Rate	3	3
Package FIT Rate	2	2

The failure rate and mission profile information in Table 2-1 comes from the Reliability data handbook IEC TR 62380 / ISO 26262 part 11:

- Mission Profile: Motor Control from Table 11
- Power dissipation: 0.3 mW
- Climate type: World-wide Table 8
- Package factor (lambda 3): Table 17b
- Substrate Material: FR4
- EOS FIT rate assumed: 0 FIT

Table 2-2. Component Failure Rates per Siemens Norm SN 29500-2

Table	Category	Reference FIT Rate	Reference Virtual T _J
5	CMOS, BICMOS Digital, analog / mixed	25 FIT	55°C

The Reference FIT Rate and Reference Virtual T_J (junction temperature) in Table 2-2 come from the Siemens Norm SN 29500-2 tables 1 through 5. Failure rates under operating conditions are calculated from the reference failure rate and virtual junction temperature using conversion information in SN 29500-2 section 4.

3 Failure Mode Distribution (FMD)

The failure mode distribution estimation for TLV6700 in Table 3-1 comes from the combination of common failure modes listed in standards such as IEC 61508 and ISO 26262, the ratio of sub-circuit function size and complexity and from best engineering judgment.

The failure modes listed in this section reflect random failure events and do not include failures due to misuse or overstress.

Die Failure Modes	Failure Mode Distribution (%)
OUT Open (HIZ)	15%
OUT Saturate high	25%
OUT Saturate low	25%
OUT Functional not in specification	30%
Short Circuit any two pins	5%

The FMD in Table 3-1 excludes short circuit faults across the isolation barrier. Faults for short circuit across the isolation barrier can be excluded according to ISO 61800-5-2:2016 if the following requirements are fulfilled:

- 1. The signal isolation component is OVC III according to IEC 61800-5-1. If a SELV/PELV power supply is used, pollution degree 2/OVC II applies. All requirements of IEC 61800-5-1:2007, 4.3.6 apply.
- 2. Measures are taken to ensure that an internal failure of the signal isolation component cannot result in excessive temperature of its insulating material.

Creepage and clearance requirements should be applied according to the specific equipment isolation standards of an application. Care should be taken to maintain the creepage and clearance distance of a board design to ensure that the mounting pads of the isolator on the printed-circuit board do not reduce this distance.



4 Pin Failure Mode Analysis (Pin FMA)

This section provides a Failure Mode Analysis (FMA) for the pins of the TLV6700. The failure modes covered in this document include the typical pin-by-pin failure scenarios:

- Pin short-circuited to Ground (see Table 4-2)
- Pin open-circuited (see Table 4-3)
- Pin short-circuited to an adjacent pin (see Table 4-4)
- Pin short-circuited to supply (see Table 4-5)

Table 4-2 through Table 4-5 also indicate how these pin conditions can affect the device as per the failure effects classification in Table 4-1.

Class	Failure Effects							
A	Potential device damage that affects functionality							
В	No device damage, but loss of functionality							
C	No device damage, but performance degradation							
D	No device damage, no impact to functionality or performance							

Table 4-1. TI Classification of Failure Effects

Figure 4-1 shows the TLV6700 pin diagram. For a detailed description of the device pins please refer to the *Pin Configuration and Functions* section in the TLV6700 data sheet.

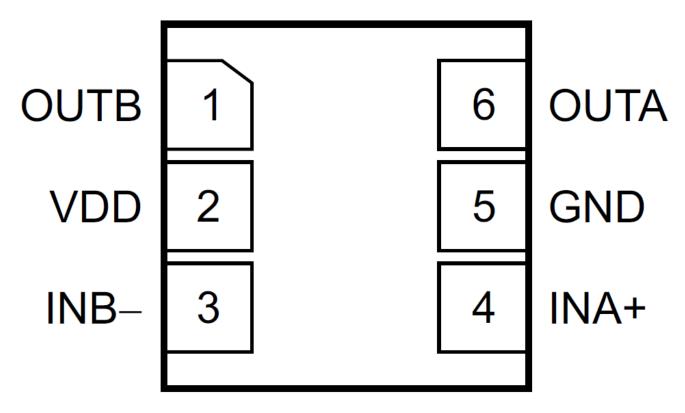


Figure 4-1. Pin Diagram

Following are the assumptions of use and the device configuration assumed for the pin FMA in this section:

- Each pin is assesed individually
- All other pins are configured correctly for device functionality
- DSE Package pinout used for Pin Name and No.

Table 4-2. Pin FMA for Device Pins Short-Circuited to Ground

Pin Name	Pin No.	Description of Potential Failure Effect(s)	Failure Effect Class				
OUTB	1	No change if GND pin is GND node	В				
VDD	2	ain supply shorted out (no power to device)					
INB-	3	DUTB goes high					
INA+	4	OUTA goes low	В				
GND	5	No change if same node as GND	D				
OUTA	6	No change if GND pin is GND node	В				

Table 4-3. Pin FMA for Device Pins Open-Circuited

Pin Name	Pin No.	Pescription of Potential Failure Effect(s)						
OUTB	1	OUTB cannot drive application load	В					
VDD	2	Main suppy open (no power to device)	В					
INB-	3	OUTB may be low or high	В					
INA+	4	OUTA may be low or high	В					
GND	5	Lowest voltage pin will drive GND pin internally (via diode)	А					
OUTA	6	OUTA cannot drive application load	В					

Table 4-4. Pin FMA for Device Pins Short-Circuited to Adjacent Pin

Pin Name	Pin No.	Shorted to	Description of Potential Failure Effect(s)	Failure Effect Class
OUTB to VDD	1	2	Thermal stress due to high power dissipation	А
VDD to INB-	2	3	Output goes low	В
INB- to INA+	3	4	Output may be high or low	В
INA+ to GND	4	5	Outout goes low	В
GND to OUTA	5	6	No change if GND pin is GND node	В
OUTA to OUTB	6	1	Outoput goes low unless INA+ is above the reference and INB- is below the reference	В

Table 4-5. Pin FMA for Device Pins Short-Circuited to Supply

Pin Name	Pin No.	Description of Potential Failure Effect(s)	Failure Effect Class
OUTB	1	Thermal stress due to high power dissipation	А
VDD	2	No change if same node as VDD	D
INB-	3	Outout goes low	В
INA+	4	Output goes high	В
GND	5	Main supply shorted out (no power to device)	В
OUTA	6	Thermal stress due to high power dissipation	A

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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
							(6)				
TLV6700DDCR	ACTIVE	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	6	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	1151	Samples
TLV6700DDCT	ACTIVE	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	6	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	1151	Samples
TLV6700DSER	ACTIVE	WSON	DSE	6	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	HD	Samples

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

⁽⁴⁾ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TLV6700 :

• Automotive : TLV6700-Q1

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

• Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

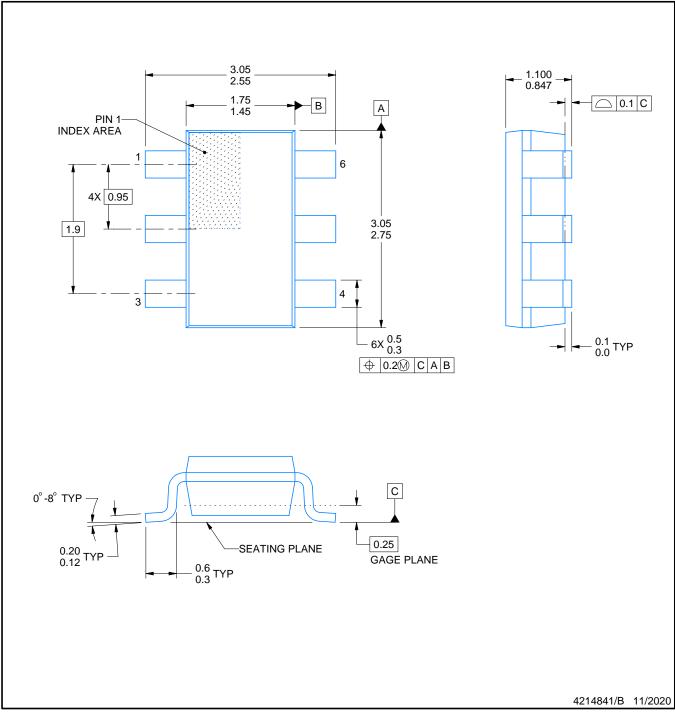
DDC0006A



PACKAGE OUTLINE

SOT - 1.1 max height

SOT



NOTES:

- All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
 This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 Reference JEDEC MO-193.

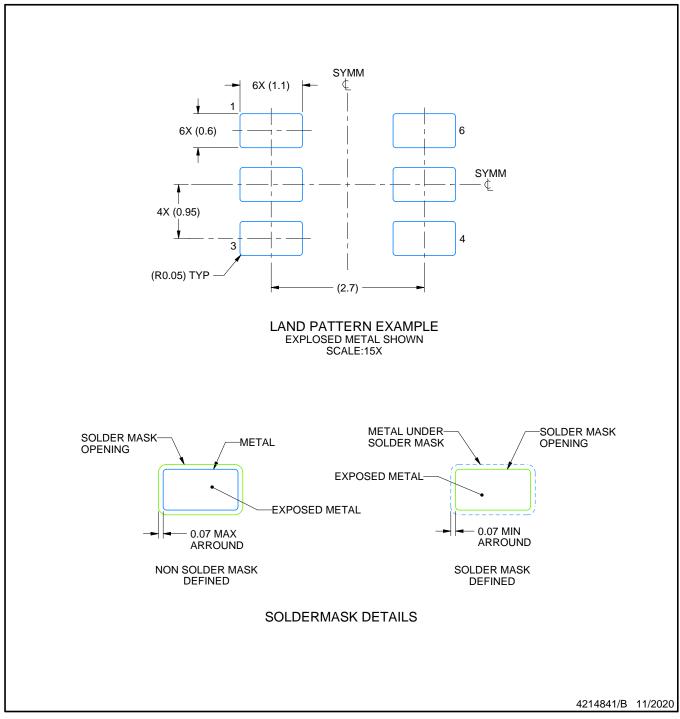


DDC0006A

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

SOT - 1.1 max height

SOT



NOTES: (continued)

4. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

5. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

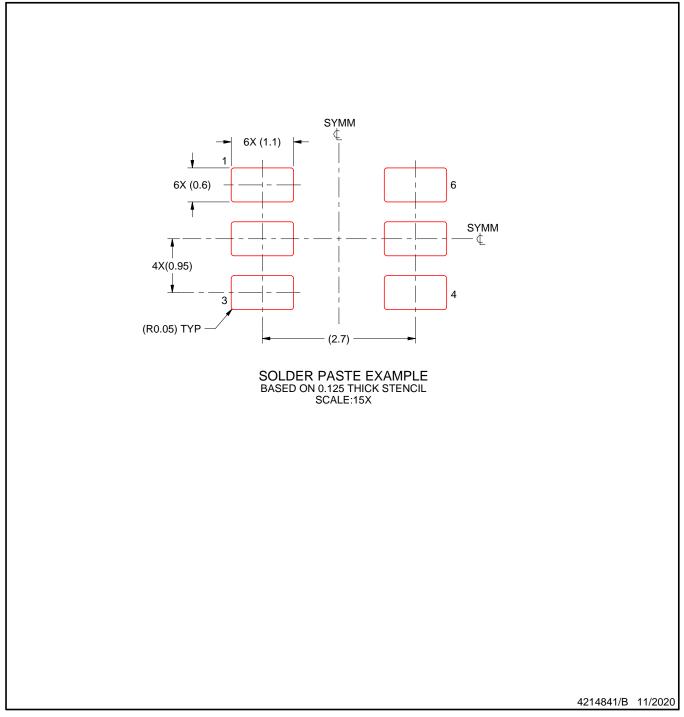


DDC0006A

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

SOT - 1.1 max height

SOT

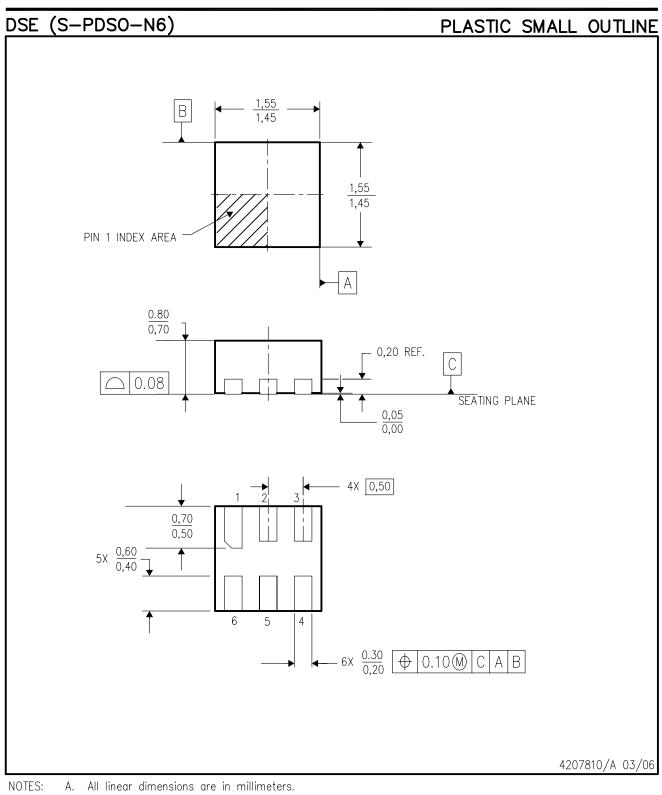


NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations. 7. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



MECHANICAL DATA



- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Small Outline No-Lead (SON) package configuration.
 - D. This package is lead-free.



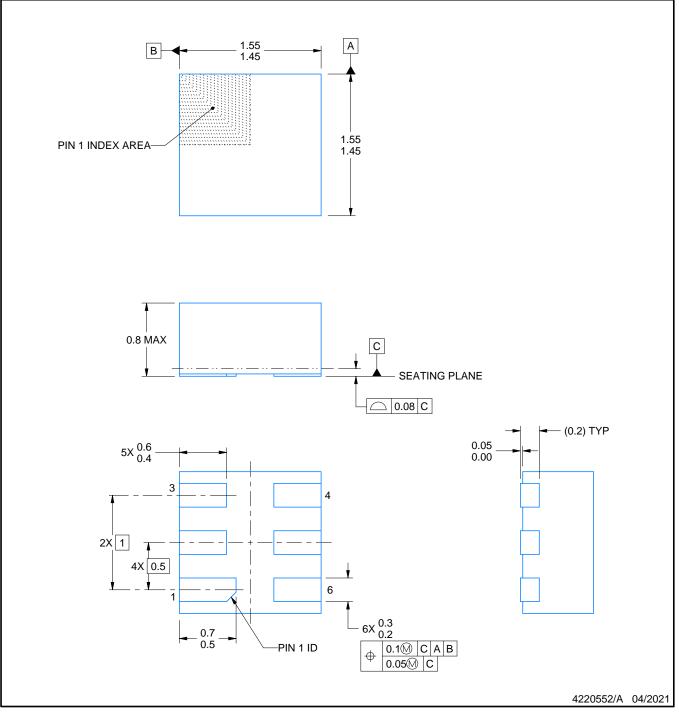
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PACKAGE OUTLINE

WSON - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M. 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

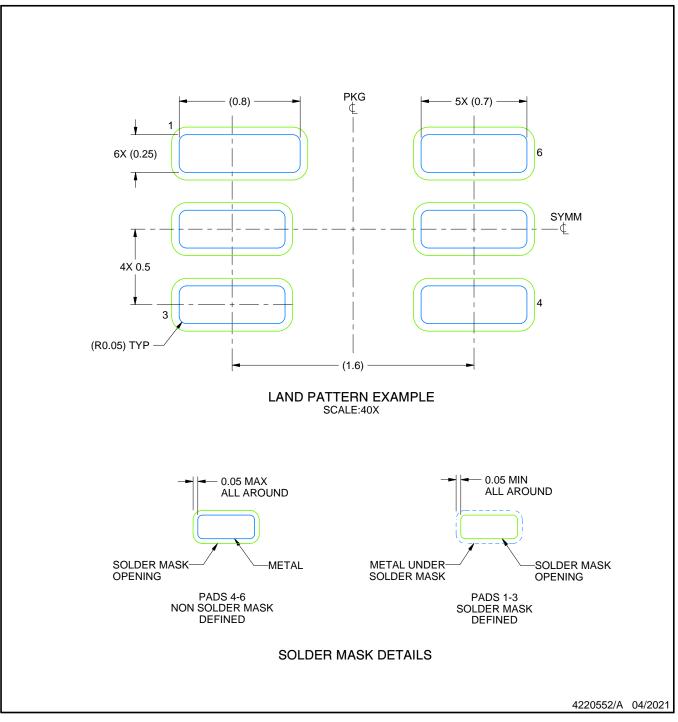


DSE0006A

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

WSON - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

3. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).

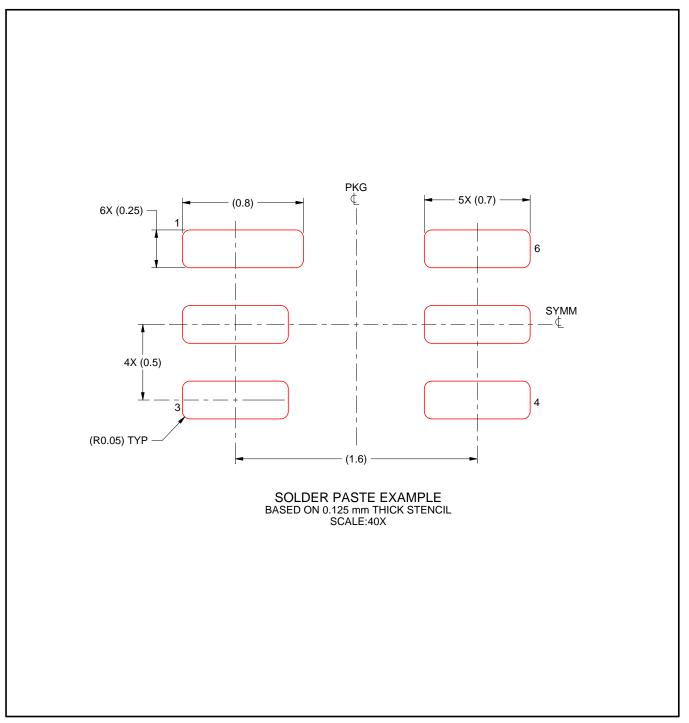


DSE0006A

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

WSON - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.



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