DRV8312-C2-KIT Hardware Reference Guide



1 Introduction

The Medium Voltage Digital Motor Control (DMC) kit (DRV8312-C2-KIT, Figure 1), provides a great way to learn and experiment with digital control of medium voltage brushless motors to increase efficiency of operation. This document goes over the kit contents and hardware details, and explains the functions and locations of jumpers and connectors present on the board.



Figure 1. DRV8312-C2-KIT

WARNING

This EVM is meant to be operated in a lab environment only and is not considered by TI to be a finished end-product fit for general consumer use. It is the user's responsibility to confirm that the voltages and isolation requirements are identified and understood, prior to energizing the board and or simulation. When energized, the EVM or components connected to the EVM should not be touched.



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General Texas Instruments High Voltage Evaluation (TI HV EVM) User Safety Guidelines



Always follow Ti's setup and application instructions, including use of all interface components within their recommended electrical rated voltage and power limits. Always use electrical safety precautions to help ensure your personal safety and those working around you. Contact TI's Product Information Center http://support/ti./com for further information.

Save all warnings and instructions for future reference.

Failure to follow warnings and instructions may result in personal injury, property damage, or death due to electrical shock and burn hazards.

The term TI HV EVM refers to an electronic device typically provided as an open framed, unenclosed printed circuit board assembly. It is **intended strictly for use in development laboratory environments**, solely for qualified professional users having training, expertise and knowledge of electrical safety risks in development and application of high voltage electrical circuits. Any other use and/or application are strictly prohibited by Texas Instruments. If you are not suitable qualified, you should immediately stop from further use of the HV EVM.

- 1. Work Area Safety
 - (a) Keep work area clean and orderly.
 - (b) Qualified observer(s) must be present anytime circuits are energized.
 - (c) Effective barriers and signage must be present in the area where the TI HV EVM and its interface electronics are energized, indicating operation of accessible high voltages may be present, for the purpose of protecting inadvertent access.
 - (d) All interface circuits, power supplies, evaluation modules, instruments, meters, scopes and other related apparatus used in a development environment exceeding 50Vrms/75VDC must be electrically located within a protected Emergency Power Off EPO protected power strip.
 - (e) Use stable and nonconductive work surface.
 - (f) Use adequately insulated clamps and wires to attach measurement probes and instruments. No freehand testing whenever possible.
- 2. Electrical Safety
 - As a precautionary measure, it is always a good engineering practice to assume that the entire EVM may have fully accessible and active high voltages.
 - (a) De-energize the TI HV EVM and all its inputs, outputs and electrical loads before performing any electrical or other diagnostic measurements. Revalidate that TI HV EVM power has been safely deenergized.
 - (b) With the EVM confirmed de-energized, proceed with required electrical circuit configurations, wiring, measurement equipment connection, and other application needs, while still assuming the EVM circuit and measuring instruments are electrically live.
 - (c) After EVM readiness is complete, energize the EVM as intended.

WARNING: WHILE THE EVM IS ENERGIZED, NEVER TOUCH THE EVM OR ITS ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS AS THEY COULD BE AT HIGH VOLTAGES CAPABLE OF CAUSING ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD.

- 3. Personal Safety
 - (a) Wear personal protective equipment (for example, latex gloves or safety glasses with side shields) or protect EVM in an adequate lucent plastic box with interlocks to protect from accidental touch.

Limitation for safe use:

EVMs are not to be used as all or part of a production unit.



2 Getting Familiar with the Kit

2.1 Kit Contents

The DRV830x Digital Motor Control Kit contains:

- F28035 controlCARD
- DRV8312 DMC board with slot for the controlCARD
- BLDC motor
- USB Cable
- 24V AC/DC supply with 2.5A of current
- USB Stick with CCStudio IDE, GUI, Quick Start Guide, and controlSUITE installer for further documentation

The DRV8312EVM board can accept any of the C2000 series controlCARDs, but we recommend using the CC28035 ISO DIMM control card with the onboard JTAG emulator shipped with the kit. The F28035 controlCARD has the source code already pre-flashed in memory to allow it to work out of the box with the Quick Start GUI.



Figure 2. DRV8312-C-Kit Contents



2.2 Kit Features

The kit has the following features:

- Three-Phase Power Stage, DRV8312 capable of driving 3-phase brushless DC motors and Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motors.
 - 52.5V DC max input voltage
 - 6.5A peak with a 3.5A max continuous output current per phase
 - Up to 500khz driver switching frequency
- 24V switching power supply with onboard regulation for powering other analog and digital circuitry
- · Isolated CAN and SPI communication
- Closed-loop digital control with feedback using the C2000's on-chip PWM and ADC peripherals
- On-board isolated JTAG emulation through the SCI peripheral and the FTDI chip.
- · JTAG connector for external emulators
- Quadrature Encoder Interface available for speed and position measurement
- · Hall Sensor Interface for sensored three-phase motor control
- High precision low-side current sensing using the C2000's high-performance ADC, Texas Instruments OPA365A high speed op-amps and Texas Instrument REF3025 high precision voltage reference chip
- Three PWM DAC's generated by low pass filtering the PWM signals to observe the system variables on an oscilloscope to enable easy debug of control algorithms.
- Over current protection on the inverter stage, DRV8312
- Hardware Developer's Package that includes schematics and bill of materials is available through controlSUITE.

The software available with the kit is pre-optimized for the motors that are available with the kit. The software is completely open source, and hence can be easily modified to tune and run a different motor. The following motors are available with the kit:

Nema Size 17 BLDC Motor (11A peak current, 4000RPM)



Figure 3. Kit Motors

2.3 Warning Regarding Low Switching Frequencies on the DRV830x

When the DRV8312 runs at a low switching frequency (e.g. less than 20 kHz with 47 nF bootstrap capacitor), the bootstrap capacitor voltage might not be able to maintain a proper voltage level for the high-side gate driver. A bootstrap capacitor under voltage protection circuit (BST_UVP) will start under this circumstance to prevent the potential failure of the high-side MOSFET.

In this circumstance, both the FAULT and OTW pins should pull low and the device should selfprotect itself. The motor's inductance and the inverter's bootstrap capacitance will allow the DRV8312 to run efficiently until approximately 10 kHz (with margin). Setting the PWM switching frequency below 10 kHz may cause issues on the inverter output and is not recommended. Please reference the datasheet.



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Figure 4, illustrates a typical motor drive system running from ether a laboratory power supply or the 24V supply delivered with the KIT. The DRV8312-C2-KIT's motor control board has all the power and control blocks that constitute a typical motor drive system for a step motor or 2 brushed DC motors (Figure 6).

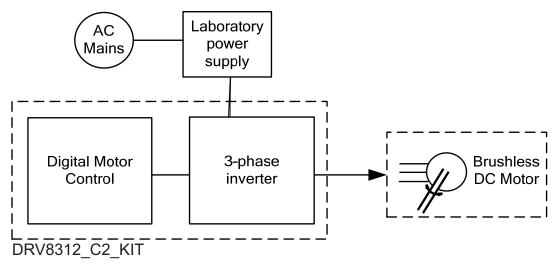


Figure 4. Block Diagram for a Typical Motor Drive System

3.1 Macro Blocks

The motor control board is separated into functional groups that enable a complete motor drive system, these are referred to as macro blocks. Following is a list of the macro blocks present on the board and their functions:

- ISO controlCARD socket Socket for a C2000 controlCARD with a built-in isolated XDS100 emulator.
- DC Bus Connection
 - J9 power entry jack Connect the supplied +24V power supply here.
 - "PVDD/GND" Terminals Connect an external lab supply here making sure to observe correct polarity.
- Aux-12V Control Power Entry Connectors to optionally provide and external 12V supply for logic and gate drive power. The 12V supply can also be regulated on board from the DC bus depending on the setting of JP1. Set to position "VR1" to use on board regulator. Set to position "+12V" to use external regulator.
- DRV8312 This module includes the DRV8312 Three Phase PWM Motor Driver as well as all of the necessary external passive components.
- Current Sense Low-side shunt current sensing on each half-bridge.
- Reset Switch Individual reset for each half-bridge. Reset can be forced manually from the 3-position switch or through a GPIO from the MCU. Setting switch in the down position, "RESET" will disable the half-bridge outputs. Setting the switch in the middle position will allow control through a GPIO on the MCU. Setting the switch in the up position, "NORMAL OP", will disable control from the MCU and enable the half-bridge outputs.
- Mode Jumper "M1" DRV8312 mode can be set to select between cycle-by-cycle current limit or latched over-current.
- Quadrature Encoder Connections Connections are available for an optional shaft encoder to interface to the MCU's QEP peripheral.
- Hall Effect Sensor Connections Connections are available for optional Hall Effect Sensors.



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Figure 5 illustrates the position of these macro blocks on the board. The use of a macro block approach, for different power stages enables easy debug and testing of one stage at a time. Banana jack connectors can be used to interconnect the power line of these power stages / blocks to construct a complete system. All the PWM's and ADC signals which are the actuation and sense signals have designated test points on the board, which makes it easy for an application developer to try out new algorithms and strategies.

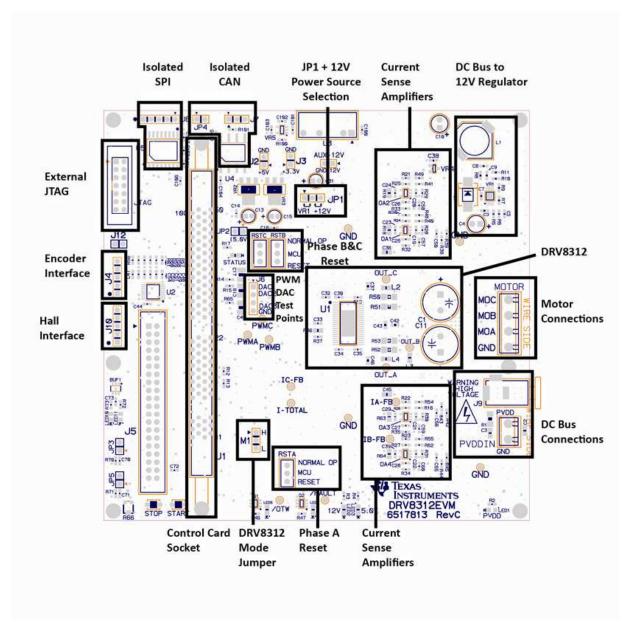


Figure 5. DRV8312-EVM Board Macros



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3.2 Powering the Board

The board is separated into two power domains*, the low voltage Controller Power domain that powers the controller and the logic circuit present on the board, and the medium voltage power delivery line that is used to carry the medium voltage and current like the DC power for the Inverter also referred to as DC Bus.

- 1. Controller Power comprises of the 12V, 5V and 3.3V that the board uses to power the controller and the logic and sensing circuit present on the board. This power can be sourced from two places, which is selected by Jumper JP1.
 - +12V DC control power entry: Connect an external bench supply with 1A current limit here
 - On board regulator, VR1: +12V is regulated from DC bus power via an on-board buck regulator.
- 2. DC Bus Power is the medium voltage line up to 52.5V that provides the voltage to the inverter stage to generate 3 phases to control the motor(s). Connect supplied 24V regulator to J9.

NOTE: Do not apply power to board before you have verified these settings!

The kit ships with the control card inserted and the jumper and switch settings pre done for connecting with the GUI. However the user must ensure that these settings are valid on the board.

- 1. Make sure nothing is connected to the board, and no power is being supplied to the board.
- 2. Insert the Control card into the controlCARD connector if not already populated.
- 3. Make sure the following jumpers & connector settings are valid i.e.
 - JP1 is in the "VR1" position
 - M1 is in the "H" position
 - RSTA, RSTB and RSTC are in the middle "MCU" position
- 4. Make sure that the following switches are set as described below on the F28035 control card to enable boot from flash and connection to the SCI
 - SW3 is in the UP (OFF) position (towards top of control card)
 - SW2 on controlCARD, Position 1 = UP (ON), Position 2 = UP (ON)
- 5. Make sure that the following switches are set as described below on the F28035 control card to enable boot from flash and connection to the SCI
 - SW3 is in the UP (OFF) position (towards top of control card)
 - SW2 on controlCARD, Position 1 = UP (ON), Position 2 = UP (ON)
- 6. Connect a USB cable from computer to USB connector on control card
- 7. Connect the motor you want to spin to the "MOTOR" terminal block as shown below:

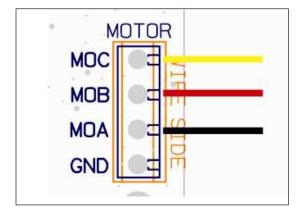


Figure 6. DRV8312-EVM Motor Connections

8. Connect the included power supply to J9.



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3.3 controlCARD Settings

- LD1 Turns on when controlCARD is powered on
- LD2 controlled by GPIO-31
- LD3 controlled by GPIO-34
- LD4 USB-mini connection
- SW2 controls the boot options of the F28035 device

Table 1. controlCARD Boot Options

Position 1 (GPIO-34)	Position 2 (TDO)	Boot from
0	0	Parallel I/O
0	1	Wait mode
1	0	SCI
1	1	(default) Get mode; the default get mode is boot from FLASH

SW3 - TRSTn Control

This switch is used to connect or disconnect the TRSTn pin that is used for the JTAG emulation. When JTAG connection is needed for the board the SW3 should be in ON position. For booting from FLASH or other boot options (no JTAG connection needed) this pin should be in the OFF position.

3.4 **GUI Connection**

The FTDI chip present on the board can be used as an isolated SCI for communicating with a HOST i.e. PC. The following jumper settings must be done to enable this connection.

As the GUI software is provided for F28035 control card only, F28035 settings are discussed below:

- 1. For F28035, put SW3 on the F28035 Control Card to UP position (towards top of card)
- 2. Connect a USB cable from J1 (on control card) to host PC.

NOTE: If you are going to boot from Flash & connecting using the GUI, you would need to do the Boot from Flash settings as described in the Table 1.



4 Hardware Resource Mapping

4.1 Resource Allocation

Table 2 lists the GPIO and ADC resource allocation for the board.

Table 2. GPIO and ADC Resource Allocation

J1 Pin no.	GPIO	Signal Name	Function
23	GPIO-00	PWM_A	DRV Phase A PWM input
73	GPIO-01	RESET_A	DRV Phase A RESETn input
24	GPIO-02	PWM_B	DRV Phase B PWM input
74	GPIO-03	RESET_B	DRV Phase B RESETn input
25	GPIO-04	PWM_C	DRV Phase C PWM input
75	GPIO-05	RESET_C	DRV Phase C RESETn input
76	GPIO-07	STOP	Push button input
28	GPIO-08	DAC_PWM3	PWM DAC
78	GPIO-09	START	Push button input
29	GPIO-10	DAC_PWM1	PWM DAC
79	GPIO-11	DAC_PWM2	PWM DAC
33	GPIO-12	LED-1	User LED
83	GPIO-13	OTWn	Over-temperature warning
84	GPIO-14	FAULTn	Over-current fault
34	GPIO-15	LED-2	User LED
38	GPIO-16	SPI-SIMO	Isolated SPI Interface
88	GPIO-17	SPI-SOMI	Isolated SPI Interface
39	GPIO-18	SPI-CLK	Isolated SPI Interface
89	GPIO-19	SPI-STE	Isolated SPI Interface
40	GPIO-20	QEPA	Encoder A
90	GPIO-21	QEPB	Encoder B
41	GPIO-22	STATUS	User LED
91	GPIO-23	QEPI	Encoder Index
35	GPIO-24	CAP1	Hall input 1
85	GPIO-25	CAP2	Hall input 2
36	GPIO-26	CAP3	Hall input 3
44	GPIO-30	CAN-RX	Isolated CAN Interface
94	GPIO-31	CAN-TX	Isolated CAN Interface
59	ADC-A1	IA-FB	Current sense phase A
61	ADC-A2	I-TOTAL	DC Bus current sense
63	ADC-A3	IC-FB	Current sense phase C
67	ADC-A5	IC-FB	Current sense phase C
71	ADC-A7	ADC-Vhb2	Phase Voltage sense B
7	ADC-B0	TSI	Tach/Pot input
9	ADC-B1	IB-FB	Current sense phase B
11	ADC-B2	VDCBUS	DC Bus voltage sense
13	ADC-B3	IA-FB	Current sense phase A
15	ADC-B4	ADC-Vhb3	Phase Voltage sense C
17	ADC-B5	IB-FB	Current sense phase B
21	ADC-B7	ADC-Vhb1	Phase Voltage sense A



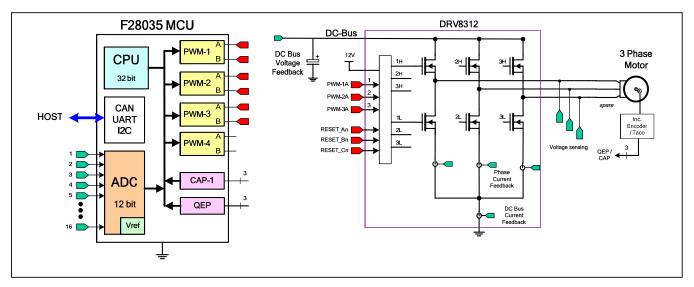


Figure 7. Medium Voltage DMC Board Block Diagram with C2000 MCU

5 Schematic Disclaimer and Warnings

Texas Instruments provides the DRV8312_C2_KIT schematic drawings and other design files to help users develop DRV8312 & C2000 based reference design products. These design files can be found at www.ti.com/tool/TIDM-THREEPHASE_BLDC-LC. Application safety, safety of the Medium Voltage DMC kit and design integrity of such reference designs are solely responsibility of the user. Any reference designs generated off these schematics must take into account necessary product safety design requirements, including interface components and load motors in order to avoid user risks including potential for fire hazard, electrical shock hazard and personal injury, including considerations for anticipated agency certification compliance requirements. Such product safety design criteria shall include but not be limited to critical circuit creepages and clearances, component selection, ratings compatibility of controlled motor loads, and required protective means (ie output fusing) depending on the specific loads being controlled. TI accepts no responsibility for design integrity of any reference designs based on supplied schematic drawings and the schematics are strictly for development purposes.

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- 10. User has sole responsibility to ensure the safety of any activities to be conducted by it and its employees, affiliates, contractors or designees, with respect to handling and using EVMs. Further, user is responsible to ensure that any interfaces (electronic and/or mechanical) between EVMs and any human body are designed with suitable isolation and means to safely limit accessible leakage currents to minimize the risk of electrical shock hazard.
- 11. User shall employ reasonable safeguards to ensure that user's use of EVMs will not result in any property damage, injury or death, even if EVMs should fail to perform as described or expected.
- 12. User shall be solely responsible for proper disposal and recycling of EVMs consistent with all applicable federal, state, and local requirements.

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General Statement for EVMs including a radio

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U.S. Federal Communications Commission Compliance

For EVMs Annotated as FCC - FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Part 15 Compliant

Caution

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation. Changes or modifications could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

FCC Interference Statement for Class A EVM devices

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at its own expense.

FCC Interference Statement for Class B EVM devices

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- · Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- · Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Industry Canada Compliance (English)

For EVMs Annotated as IC - INDUSTRY CANADA Compliant:

This Class A or B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Concerning EVMs Including Radio Transmitters

This device complies with Industry Canada licence-exempt RSS standard(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Concerning EVMs Including Detachable Antennas

Under Industry Canada regulations, this radio transmitter may only operate using an antenna of a type and maximum (or lesser) gain approved for the transmitter by Industry Canada. To reduce potential radio interference to other users, the antenna type and its gain should be so chosen that the equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) is not more than that necessary for successful communication.

This radio transmitter has been approved by Industry Canada to operate with the antenna types listed in the user guide with the maximum permissible gain and required antenna impedance for each antenna type indicated. Antenna types not included in this list, having a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for that type, are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Canada Industry Canada Compliance (French)

Cet appareil numérique de la classe A ou B est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada

Les changements ou les modifications pas expressément approuvés par la partie responsable de la conformité ont pu vider l'autorité de l'utilisateur pour actionner l'équipement.

Concernant les EVMs avec appareils radio

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes : (1) l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et (2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

Concernant les EVMs avec antennes détachables

Conformément à la réglementation d'Industrie Canada, le présent émetteur radio peut fonctionner avec une antenne d'un type et d'un gain maximal (ou inférieur) approuvé pour l'émetteur par Industrie Canada. Dans le but de réduire les risques de brouillage radioélectrique à l'intention des autres utilisateurs, il faut choisir le type d'antenne et son gain de sorte que la puissance isotrope rayonnée équivalente (p.i.r.e.) ne dépasse pas l'intensité nécessaire à l'établissement d'une communication satisfaisante.

Le présent émetteur radio a été approuvé par Industrie Canada pour fonctionner avec les types d'antenne énumérés dans le manuel d'usage et ayant un gain admissible maximal et l'impédance requise pour chaque type d'antenne. Les types d'antenne non inclus dans cette liste, ou dont le gain est supérieur au gain maximal indiqué, sont strictement interdits pour l'exploitation de l'émetteur.

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EVMs entering Japan are NOT certified by TI as conforming to Technical Regulations of Radio Law of Japan.

If user uses EVMs in Japan, user is required by Radio Law of Japan to follow the instructions below with respect to EVMs:

- Use EVMs in a shielded room or any other test facility as defined in the notification #173 issued by Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications on March 28, 2006, based on Sub-section 1.1 of Article 6 of the Ministry's Rule for Enforcement of Radio Law of Japan.
- 2. Use EVMs only after user obtains the license of Test Radio Station as provided in Radio Law of Japan with respect to EVMs, or
- 3. Use of EVMs only after user obtains the Technical Regulations Conformity Certification as provided in Radio Law of Japan with respect to EVMs. Also, do not transfer EVMs, unless user gives the same notice above to the transferee. Please note that if user does not follow the instructions above, user will be subject to penalties of Radio Law of Japan.

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